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HILLS EVERGREENS

Home Trees Ever Beautiful

The Home of Evergreens

In 1855, a small nursery devoted exclusively to Evergreens was started at Dundee, Illinois, only thirty-five miles north-west of Chicago.

Nature could not have provided a more fertile, soil-perfect country for growing Evergreens. The Hill Nursery is located in the famous Fox River Valley, in a prosperous farming district, just far enough north to



insure hardiness and just far enough south for good substantial growth. We extend to all a hearty invitation to visit the Home of Evergreens. Map of

extend to all a hearty invitation to visit the Home of Evergreens. Map of auto roads leading to nursery is shown on page 58.

The Hill Nursery has now expanded until at the present time it covers

The Hill Nursery has now expanded until at the present time it covers a space of about 500 acres. The straight rows of symmetrical Evergreens and well cultivated clean blocks of trees, suggest to any visitor the great care given to all Hill Evergreens.

There is a wide range of varieties and sizes to choose from. Sorts of every shape from the tall and stately to the half erect and prostrate, forms for every purpose. You get genuine pleasure in the possession of such thrifty, vigorous trees.

An investment in Hill Evergreens on your place will prove a source of satisfaction for a lifetime and the trees grow more beautiful each year.



D. HILL SAYS: "To obtain beautiful effects with Evergreens does not require any great outlay of money or a special knowledge of horticulture. Trees of any size to suit the pocketbook can be selected and the only requisite for success is that they be planted in good rich soil and given reasonable attention same as the garden or vegetable patch. Permanency and beauty are two attributes attained by Evergreens not found in the flower family, which thrive a few weeks and then are gone forever."



The massive, substantial impression of Evergreens cannot be equaled. Hill Evergreens are heavy, low branched specimens, and will give you this effect almost immediately.

Order for Hill's "Quality Evergreens"

THE D. HILL NURSERY CO. INC.

Evergreen Specialists--Largest Growers in America

Dundee, Illinois, U.S.A.

FOUNDED 1855

HILL'S OVER SIXTY YEARS IN BUSINESS IS YOUR GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION

Gentlemen:

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Hill's Lawn Collection

Six choice rare Evergreens for Ornamental Lawn Planting. Will add distinction, beauty and charm to any home. All large vigorous trees 2 to 3 feet in height. Four times transplanted, 6 to 10 years old. Especially grown trees, perfect specimens, trimmed and trained for lawn adornment. The cream of our stock, the best money can buy. My life reputation goes into this collection. Genuine Hill Specimen stock, individually hand dug with solid balls of earth about the roots, securely burlapped.

1 Douglas Fir2 to 3 feet B&B*1 Red Pine2 to 3 feet B&B1 Pyramidal Arbor Vitae2 to 3 feet B&B1 White Spruce2 to 3 feet B&B1 Colorado Blue Spruce2 to 3 feet B&B1 Hemlock2 to 3 feet B&B

*Balled and Burlapped.
Price \$35.00
F. O. B. Dundee, for freight shipment.
Securely packed in strong wooden case.

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DON'T FORGET STAMP

The D. Hill Nursery Co., Inc.

EVERGREEN SPECIALISTS
LARGEST GROWERS IN AMERICA

DUNDEE, ILL.

BEST FOR OVER HALF A CENTURY



The Hill Way

ANY questions often times arise regarding plantings and we are always glad to give such inquiries prompt attention. Your correspondence is solicited.

Prices. Prices in this catalog are F. O. B. Dundee, Illinois. There are no charges for packing or delivery to the railroad station. This catalog cancels all previous catalogs and price lists.

Terms. Cash should accompany orders from all unknown customers. Charge account service will be extended to those who furnish satisfactory references.

Rates. Five trees of same variety and size will be furnished at 10 rate, 50 of same variety and size at 100 rate.

Our Responsibility. We exercise the greatest care to have all stock genuine and reliable and hold ourselves prepared to replace on proper proof all that proves untrue. In case of any error on our part, it is mutually agreed between the purchaser and ourselves, that we shall not at any time be held responsible for a greater amount than the original price of goods.

Guarantee. We guarantee that all Evergreens purchased from us will reach you safely and in good condition, be found true to name and prove entirely satisfactory or we cheerfully refund money paid.

Adjustments. Any errors or omissions in execution of orders will be satisfactorily adjusted if we are notified immediately upon receipt of goods.

Our Shipping Facilities. On account of our close proximity to Chicago. (the great railway center), we have direct access to all the leading railroads, In most cases specimen Evergreens dug with solid earth balls are shipped by freight.

Landscape Service

Should you desire the service of a competent Landscape Architect to assist you in the proper arrangement of your trees, we will gladly put you in touch with some one in your immediate locality. We are in direct communication with all the leading Landscape Architects and can easily refer you to some one best qualified to handle your problems.



In no other way can you combine such a screen, such a protection from wind and such a natural, pleasing vista, except with Evergreens.

Hill's Evergreens

In order to provide Specimen Evergreens in uniform quality that come up to the Hill standard, a process of careful individual selection is rigidly followed. When Hill Evergreens are four or five years old, we go through our immense blocks and select out the very best trees of uniform color, symmetry and habit of growth to transplant and grow into individual specimens. Out of our immense blocks of thousands, only a few hundred Evergreens are selected that come up to our specimen standards. This accounts for the perfection of each individual Hill Specimen Evergreen.

Frequent transplanting and root-pruning gives Hill Specimen Evergreens masses of fine, fibrous feeding roots. This, together with annual shearing, results in heavy, bushy, symmetrical tops.



Extra Selected Specimen
Hill Evergreen, Balled
and Burlapped

Every Hill Specimen Evergreen is carefully hand dug, leaving a large solid earth ball about the roots, which is securely burlapped. Our soil contains just enough clay so the earth ball remains intact. This method of digging leaves the roots undisturbed in a ball of rich nursery soil, and insures the success of Hill Specimen Evergreens in the hands of the planter. As additional protection, each earth ball is securely burlapped.

Seeing that your Evergreens are carefully packed is of equal importance. Our over sixty-four years' expert knowledge in properly packing Evergreens for long distance shipments, is your guarantee of safe arrival.

When you plant Evergreens you plant for a lifetime. Hill Specimen Evergreens are the best that nursery science can produce. You get the cream of our stock—the best Evergreens long experience, skill and capital can produce, and the price is within the reach of all.



An interesting "Evergreen Garden" at Lake Geneva, Wisconsin, planted with Hill Specimen Evergreens.

The effect is such as can be produced immediately with our trees.

Hemlock

(Abies Tsuga Canadensis)

A Graceful and Ornamental Evergreen

A grand Evergreen unequaled for ornamental planting. The needles are flat and oblong, measuring about one-half inch in length. Each season the older trees bear a crop of striking, reddish brown cones, one-half to three-fourths inches long. It is particularly valuable for its ability to grow in dense shade. Splendid for mass planting. Especially attractive in early summer when the foliage is tipped with the new growth, a delicate light green.

Hemlock responds readily to shearing, making splendid hedges or beautiful single specimens wherever low Evergreens are wanted. If planted alone on the open lawn will attain a height of 40 to 50 feet when not sheared.

All of our Hemlocks have been sheared during their growth in the nursery. This makes them dense and compact, much superior to wild or poorly grown trees. The Hemlock is one of our best native trees.



What can compare to the grace of the Hemlock?

| Price. | Extra | Selected | Specimens, | Ralled | and | Burlanned |
|---------|-------|----------|------------|--------|-----|-----------|
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| | Each | |
|---------------------|-------|--------|
| 2 to 3 feet, xxx* | | |
| 3 to 4 feet, xxxB&B | | |
| 4 to 5 feet, xxxx | | |
| 5 to 6 feet, xxxx | 13.50 | 125.00 |

5 of same size at 10 rate.

*Each x indicates one transplanting. †B&B signifies Balled and Burlapped.



The Fragrant Balsam Fir.

Balsam Fir

(Abies Balsamea)

Most Fragrant of all Evergreens

The characteristic odor of the northern woods is chiefly if not solely due to this Fir. The foliage is very fragrant, young growths often being used for making the favorite "Balsam Pillows." Makes a handsome lawn specimen, rarely growing over 30 to 40 feet high. Contrasts beautifully with Hemlock and Red Cedar.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | Each | 10 |
|-------------------|-------------|---------|
| 2 to 3 feet, xxx* | &B† \$ 5.50 | \$46.00 |
| 3 to 4 feet, xxx | &B 6.75 | 56.00 |
| 4 to 5 feet, xxxx | &B 10.00 | 87.50 |
| 5 to 6 feet, xxxx | &B 12.50 | 112.50 |

5 of same size at 10 rate.



A beautiful home made more beautiful with Hill's Evergreens. Estate of Clement Studebaker, South Bend, Ind.

Colorado Douglas Fir

A handsome variety from the Rocky Mountains. Naturally forms a large spreading pyramid with beautiful deep treen foliage, growing 40 to 50 feet high. It is easily dis-ginguished by its heavy deep green color, which it holds sum-mer and winter. Needles average one-half inch in length. Young cones are reddish purple.

A pleasing effect is produced by planting medium and low growing Junipers or Pines directly in front of the Douglas Fir. Also makes handsome lawn specimen.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | | | Each | 10 |
|----------------|------------------|------|---------|---------|
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ | to 2 feet, xxx* | B&B† | \$ 3.75 | \$30.00 |
| 2 | to 3 feet, xxx | B&B | 5.00 | 45.00 |
| 3 | to 4 feet, xxx | B&B | 7.50 | 60.00 |
| 4 | to 5 feet, xxxx | B&B | 10.00 | 85.00 |
| 5 | to 6 feet, xxxx | B&B | 14.00 | 125.00 |
| 6 | to 7 feet, xxxx | B&B | 17.00 | 150.00 |
| 7 | to 8 feet, xxxxx | B&B | 21.50 | |
| | | B&B | 25.00 | |
| | | | | |



Colorado Douglas Fir is a handsome bluish green summer and winter.



Evergreens make handsome border plantings around wide open, expansive lawns.



Why not look out of your Windows on Beautiful Evergreens instead of Barren Grounds.

Concolor Fir

(Abies Concolor)

Queen of the Firs

Foliage varies in color from glaucous blue to silvery green. Needles are flat, two to three inches in length. Cones oblong and vary in color from gray green, dark purple, to bright canary yellow, three to five inches long. Grows 40 to 50 feet high. Beautiful group effects are produced by planting Concolor Fir, Colorado Douglas Fir and Colorado Blue Spruce, for the charming tints of their foliage contrast beautifully, especially in the spring when the new growth has such a delicate color.

The Concolor Fir has that mountain freshness which characterizes so many of the Evergreens from the Rockies—delicate silvery blue color and tall, sturdy habit, which so seldom combines in any tree.



Concolor Fir, a pyramid of rich beauty.

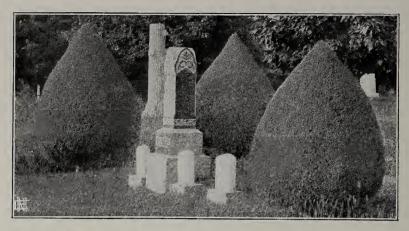
Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | | | | | Each | |
|---------|------|-------|-------|--------|---------|----------|
| 11/2 | to 2 | feet, | xxx * | . B&B† | \$ 4.00 | \$ 37.50 |
| 4^{-} | to 5 | feet, | xxxx | . B&B | 15.00 | 137.50 |
| | | | xxxx | | 18.00 | 162.50 |
| 6 | to 7 | feet, | xxxxx | . B&B | 24.00 | 212.00 |
| 7 | to 8 | feet, | xxxxx | . B&B | 28.00 | 250.00 |

5 of same size at 10 rate.

*Each x indicates one transplanting. †B&B signifies Balled and Burlapped.

Purchase your Evergreens from true Evergreen Specialists. We are the only extensive growers of Evergreens exclusively in America. This one line has our undivided time and attention, devotion and study. We are thus Evergreen Specialists in a sense which possesses a real value and significance.



With a little trimming Red Cedar can be made into any shape desired.

Red Cedar

(Juniperus Virginiana)

The Favorite of all Junipers

The foliage is a beautiful light green in summer, turning to a purplish bronze in winter, rather soft in texture and takes a graceful habit of growth; is scale-like and very flexible. In season the tree is covered with bright blue and silver colored berries, which adhere to the branches a long time. The foliage and wood emits that pleasing, spicy, fragrant, woodsy, cedrus odor. Grows 20 to 30 feet high. Our trees are of the tall pyramidal type, so often used as sentinels at entrances and along walks. They contrast prettily with the dark green foliage of other Evergreens and are very attractive when used in groups.

At entrances a pair of Red Cedar make the most effective planting. You need not wait for your results. The large trees offered here, 7 to 10 feet, can be moved with absolute safety. They have been transplanted five times, and the digging is superintended by experts, so that all the fine roots come up. These large trees, 15 to 20 years old, are perfect specimens, dense and compact, straight and narrow in outline, that will be the pride of any owner.

Red Cedar can be trimmed to any shape. It also makes an excellent hedge.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| • | Each | 10 |
|-----------------------|---------|----------|
| 2 to 3 feet, xxx*B&B† | \$ 5.50 | \$ 45.00 |
| 3 to 4 feet, xxx | 7.50 | 65.00 |
| 4 to 5 feet, xxxx | 12.50 | 112.50 |
| 5 to 6 feet, xxxx | 16.00 | 150.00 |
| 6 to 7 feet, xxxxx | 25.00 | 225.00 |
| 7 to 8 feet, xxxxx | 40.00 | |
| 8 to 9 feet, xxxxx | 50.00 | |
| 9 to 10 feet, xxxxx | 62.50 | |
| | | |

Juniperus Virginalis Globosa

New Japanese Production

We offer for the first time, this unusual globe shaped Juniper, a very distinct variety in green and golden, as follows:

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped



Red Cedar is Adapted to any Location. Fine for Hedges, Groups or Singly.



Juniper Glauca, a Distinct Blue Variety.

Juniperus Pyramidalis

This is a distinct pyramidal type, narrow and upright. Foliage glaucous in contrast to purplish red of Red Cedar. Its spire-like shape makes it very excellent for formal gardens.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

2 to 3 feet, xxx*..B&B† \$11.00 \$100.00



Juniper Schotti, Distinguisned by its Bright Pea-Green Color.

Juniper Glauca

(Juniperus Glauca)

A Distinct Light Blue Variety

The foliage is a soft, silvery blue, both summer and winter, making a most striking contrast to the beautiful purple berries which cover the tree in the late autumn and winter. Responds readily to shearing, permitting its use in many ways. It grows 12 to 18 feet, with a spread of 3 to 4 feet at the base.

For groups and conifer beds the Juniper Glauca looks best when planted with dark green Counarti and Schotti Junipers and Savin Junipers. Groups of Junipers are very practical for small lawns where space is limited, as they can be set close together and kept trimmed so as not to overrun their space or obstruct the view. All of our trees have been trimmed carefully each season so they are compact, bushy and symmetrical.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | | | Each | 10 |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------------|----------|
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, x | * | B&B† | \$ 5.00 \$ | \$ 42.50 |
| | XXX | | | |
| 3 to 4 feet, s | XXX | B&B | 11.00 | 100.00 |
| 4 to 5 feet, | XXXX | B&B | 16.00 | 150.00 |
| 5 to 6 feet, | XXXX | B&B | 25.00 | |



Evergreens Blend with Any Style of Architecture.

Juniper Schotti

(Juniperus Schotti)

The Schotti Juniper is easily distinguished by its bright pea-green color. It has the characteristic soft, flexible foliage of the Junipers. Grows 12 to 15 feet high, but can be kept at any desired height or shape by annual shearing. Makes a splendid background for any of the low-growing or creeping Junipers. Its growth is very symmetrical and upright. Foliage is interspersed with light blue and silvery colored berries, in season, which are very attractive. Contrasts prettily with the dark green of the Counarti Juniper and silvery blue of the Juniper Glauca.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped



Such an Evergreen planting never becomes tiresome.

Counarti Juniper

(Juniperus Counarti)

Handsome, Dark Green

No other Evergreen has a richer, massive appearance. Grows upright, pyramidal in outline, 10 to 12 feet high. Foliage is a verdant green thickly pervaded with silver colored berries. This tree looks best in front of a white wall, beside stone pillars, or in some situation where there is sharp contrast. It is widely used in tubs also. It belongs to the same family as Juniper Glauca, Schotti and Lee's Golden Juniper, and is often planted with these trees in groups. Can be trimmed artistically or the graceful branchlets can be allowed to grow naturally in low flexible shoots. We have a few large trees as offered here, 15 to 20 years old, perfect in shape and color.

| Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped | |
|---|------------------|
| | Each 10 |
| 2 to 3 feet, xxx* | \$ 9.00 \$ 80.00 |
| 3 to 4 feet, xxx | 12.00 112.00 |
| 4 to 5 feet, xxxx | 18.00 150.00 |
| 5 to 6 feet, xxxx | 25.00 225.00 |
| 6 to 7 feet, xxxxx | 37.50 |
| | 50.00 |

Lee's Elegants Juniper

(Juniperus Elegantissima Lee)

Foliage Bright Golden Tipped.

Grows rather globe-shaped unless trimmed to a pyramid. It often reaches a height of 8 to 10 feet. Like most all the Junipers, it is covered with bluish berries in autumn and winter. The foliage is a dark green and the tips of each branch are bright yellow or golden.

A few of these golden Junipers will add color and attractiveness to any planting. It is one of the most ornamental varieties. Very rare and choice.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

2 to 3 feet, xxx*...B&B† \$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Each} & 10 \\ \$12.00 & \$112.50 \\ 3 \text{ to 4 feet, xxx}...B&B & 15.00 & 137.50 \end{array}



Lee's Elegants Juniper, a Glimpse of Golden Beauty.



Savin Juniper, a Fountain of Green Foliage.

Savin Juniper

(Juniperus Sabina)

A Beautiful Dwarf Juniper

As shown in lower right hand corner of the cut above, Savin Juniper grows different from any other Evergreen—open and vase-like. There is no main trunk, but the branches grow upward, then outward from the base. Foliage is a deep green. Especially valuable for planting in front of taller Evergreens to taper off the planting. Seldom grows over 3 to 4 feet high, often spreading 4 to 6 feet. Such varieties as Juniper Sabina Tamariscifolia, Sabina Prostrata, Pfitzeriana and Savin Juniper are excellent for foundation plantings.



Juniper Sabina Prostrata. The Evergreen Family has no limits in Habit of Growth.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | Each | 10 |
|--|--------|----------|
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxx^* B&B† | \$5.00 | \$ 45.00 |
| 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxxxB&B | 9.00 | 80.00 |

Juniperus Sabina Prostrata

The prostrate or creeping form of the Savin Juniper grows in several types and shades of color. All of them make excellent ground cover, grow over rocks and stone and are used largely in Rockeries and Japanese Gardens. Never grow over a foot tall and often spread 10 to 12 feet.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| Green Type | |
|---|---------|
| Each | 10 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, xxxx*B&B† \$ 9.00 | \$87.50 |
| 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxxxB&B 11.00 | |
| $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet, xxxxxB&B 13.00 | |
| Hill's Blue Type | |
| 1 to 1½ feet, xxx*B&B† \$ 8.50 | \$80.00 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, xxx B&B 10.50 | 100.00 |
| 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxxx B&B 15.00 | |
| - ' | |

Coast of Maine Type 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxx^* $B\&B\dagger$ \$8.00 \$70.00



Evergreens are Bright and Cheerful Companions Around the Home at all Seasons.

Juniperus Sabina Tamariscifolia A Carpet of Green

One of the favorite creeping forms. A very vigorous grower, forming a compact and perfect mat of dark green. The foliage is very fine in texture, grows very dense and never changes in color. Average height is one foot, with a spread of 6 to 8 feet. Excellent for ground cover, Rockeries, Terraces, etc.

| | Price, | Extra | Selected | Specimens, | Balled | and | Burlapped | Each | 10 |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|----------|------------|--------|-----|-----------|--------|---------|
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxx^* | | | | | | | B&B† | \$8.00 | \$75.00 |

Juniperus Pfitzeriana A Fine, New, Hardy Juniper

Very distinct in habit of growth. The spreading branches grow upward, then outward, forming a flat top and irregular outline. Foliage is a bright, fresh green in spring, changing to deep green in autumn and winter. Valuable for foundation planting or where it is not desirable to obstruct the view. Grows only 8 to 10 feet high, but often spreads 5 to 6 feet.

| | Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped | Each | 10 |
|---------------------|---|---------|----------|
| 1 to 1 | feet, xxx*B&B† | \$ 5.00 | \$ 37.50 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 | feet, xxxB&B | 6.25 | 50.00 |
| 2 to 3 | feet, xxxB&B | 9.00 | 80.00 |
| 3 to 4 | feet, xxxxB&B | 11.00 | 100.00 |



The quiet grandeur of Evergreens, together with their diversity of size and color, makes them interesting, daily companions.

Juniperus Canadensis

(Juniperus Communis) (J. Communis Dupressa)

This is really the most unique little tree in our entire collection of Junipers



Juniperus Canadensis borrows its Color from the Golden Rod.

The illustration plainly shows the unusual habit of growth, entirely distinct from any other Evergreen.

We offer two types, the gold and green, which are exactly alike in form and outline. The habit of growth is low and spreading, the branches being covered with feathery-like foliage. Grows broader than it is high, averaging 3 to 6 feet across.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped Green Type

Japanese Trailing Juniper

(Juniperus Chinensis Procumbens)

Its slender branches are covered with short, sharp-needled foliage of a deep somber green. In late autumn it is covered with small, shining, purplish berries. Its growth is solid and rapid. At maturity it often extends over the ground for 10 or 15 feet in every direction, but never taller than one to two feet. It is most useful for covering rockeries and shows up to good advantage when planted in front of tall growing Evergreens or shrubs.

| Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped | Each | 10 |
|---|---------|----------|
| 1 foot, xxx* | \$ 5.50 | \$ 50.00 |
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxxx | 6.75 | 62.50 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, xxxx | 8.50 | 80.00 |
| 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxxx | 13.00 | 125.00 |
| 2½ to 3 feet xxxx B&B | 17.50 | |



A Foundation Planting Which Shows How Effectively Evergreens Blend the Lawn with the Architecture.

Photographed Only Three Months After Planting.



Irish Juniper Makes a Quaint-like Sentry.

Irish Juniper

(Juniperus Hibernica)

Ideal for Cemetery Planting or Where Space is Limited

Very formal and erect in growth, forming a light, silvery green column, growing 6 to 8 feet in height. Habit of growth is dense and compact. For lawn or garden planting, especially in formal or Italian gardens or avenues, it is of highest importance. It is also very popular and well suited for cemetery planting because of its erect, pyramidal habit of growth, requiring but very little space, never spreading over 1½ feet at the base. The foliage is entirely different from any other Evergreen, branches being covered with short, delicate, sharp, pointed needles of a light green color, sometimes tinged with blue.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| $1\frac{1}{2}$ | to 2 feet, xxx*B&B† | Each \$4.00 | |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------|-------|
| 2 | to 3 feet, xxxB&B | 5.50 | 50.00 |

Swedish Juniper

(Juniperus Suecica)

Excellent for Use in Formal Planting

Its attractive habit makes it very useful and should be included in all ornamental plantings. Rarely grows over 8 to 10 feet tall and its spire-like shape makes it stand out like a sentinel, whether massed with other Evergreens or planted singly. Needles are short and sharp, of a light, bluish-green. Requires but little space, as matured trees never spread over 18 inches at the base.

| Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped | Each | 10 |
|---|--------|---------|
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxx* | \$4.00 | \$37.50 |
| $1\frac{1}{3}$ to 2 feet, xxx | | |



What is more beautiful than an Evergreen Mass Planting at the entrance Gate?

Black Hill Spruce

(Picea Canadensis)

A Splendid Evergreen for Exposed Locations, Very Hardy

One of the most dense and compact growing Spruces. Branches are strong, growing out from the main trunk in regular whorls, quite close together. The foliage is a most pleasing color, varying from a deep verdant green to a light, frosty blueneedles measuring one-half inch in length.

Grows 40 to 50 feet high, spreading 10 to 12 feet at the base. It has slender brown cones which nod and sway gracefully with the wind. The bark is a handsome reddish brown with overlapping irregular scales.

Botanically it is merely a form of the White Spruce of the East, but the foliage possesses less of the glaucous tinge and the needles are heavier and more prominent.



Black Hill Spruce-Sturdy as a Mountain.

| | Each | 10 |
|--------------------|---------|----------|
| 2 to 3 feet, xxx* | \$ 8.00 | \$ 75.00 |
| 3 to 4 feet, xxx | | 100.00 |
| 4 to 5 feet, xxxx | 12.00 | 110.00 |
| 5 to 6 feet, xxxx | 18.00 | 160.00 |
| 6 to 7 feet, xxxxx | 25.00 | 225.00 |
| 7 to 8 feet, xxxxx | 37.50 | |
| 8 to 9 feet, xxxxx | 50.00 | |

5 of same size at 10 rate.



Evergreens provide seclusion, rest, fine shade and constant beauty.



Evergreens lend themselves most harmoniously to Sunken Gardens, especially as a border on the Garden Wall.



The secret of artistic effects is to suit the planting to the architecture as this home owner has done.

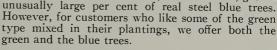
Colorado Blue Spruce

(Picea Pungens)

Other trees there are of almost every imaginable color and form, but here is truly the culmination of nature's highest effort to produce the beautiful. Picture in your mind a perfectly shaped tree, with an abundance of heavy foliage of a rich glistening blue, which flashes and sparkles in the sunlight and you can form only a faint idea of the magnificent beauty of this truly marvelous tree.

As we have specialized in this variety for many years, we have succeeded in building up a very large stock, and in walking through our nursery one sees block after block of these wonderful trees in all sizes and stages of growth, which annually attract many visitors.

Trees growing in the native forests of the Colorado Rockies vary from deep green to light blue. We personally gather our seeds from the bluest trees there, and therefore, get an unusually large per cent of real steel blue trees. However, for customers who like some of the green



Says D. Hill: "Plant liberally of this tree and you will never regret it. I have yet to see a place where it will not grow successfully, and I have been shipping it to every state in the Union ever since first introduced from the Rocky Mountains of Colorado."



Colorado Blue Spruce--Ideal in any Situation.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens. Balled and Burlapped Green Type

| 2 to 3 feet, xxx* | B&B† B&B | \$ 8.00 10.00 | \$70.00 |
|-------------------|-------------|------------------|---------|
| 01.15 | ., | | |

Selected Blue

| _ | | | | Each | 10 |
|--------|---------|------|-------|---------|----------|
| 2 to 3 | 3 teet. | xxx* | R&R† | \$15.00 | \$140.00 |
| | , | | . Dab | Ψ10.00 | Φ140.00 |
| 3 to 4 | 1 teet | xxx | R R R | 20.00 | 100.00 |
| 0 10 . | ı icci, | AAA | . DOD | 20.00 | 190.00 |
| | | | | | |



Norway Spruce, Cheerful in Spite of Winter.

Hill's Norway Spruce

(Picea Excelsa)

The Best Known Evergreen

A fast, upright grower of splendid conical shape. Its wonderful sturdy, spreading branches grow in symmetrical whorls around the trunk, overlapping each other, forming a dense compact tree.

The Norway Spruce grows 40 to 60 feet high, with a spread at the base of 10 to 12 feet. The dark green needles are one to one and one-half inches long, and are borne abundantly.

Norway Spruce is probably better known than any other Evergreen on account of its use for Christmas trees. In season it bears attractive light brown cones, 4 to 7 inches long.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| Balleu allu Bulluppeu | |
|---|---------|
| Each | 10 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, xxx*B&B† \$3.00 | \$25.00 |
| 2 to 3 feet, xxxB&B 4.50 | 35.00 |
| 3 to 4 feet, xxxB&B 6.00 | 50.00 |

American White Spruce

(Picea Alba)

Foliage is a Light Green, Slightly Tinged with Blue

Described by Bailey, the eminent horticulturist, as "A native of the northern parts of America and justly thought to be one of our best Evergreens. A compact and upright grower of great longevity."

Derives the name White Spruce due to its light, frosty green foliage, slightly tinged with blue. Needles are sharp and pointed, growing singly on the branches, measuring one-half to one inch long. Grows to large size, often reaching 50 to 60 feet. Makes splendid screens, windbreaks and shelters. By careful trimming makes a dense, compact, formal hedge. Bears an abundance of small brown cones, one to one and one-half inches long, which remain on the trees over winter.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

2 to 3 feet, xxx*....B&B† \$5.00 \$45.00 3 to 4 feet, xxx.....B&B 60.004 to 5 feet, xxxx....B&B 90.00 10.00 125.00 5 to 6 feet, xxxx....B&B 14.0019.00 165.006 to 7 feet, xxxxx....B&B 25.007 to 8 feet, xxxxx....B&B 8 to 9 feet, xxxxx....B&B 37.50



American White Spruce, one of the Best Native Spruces.
We have White Spruces in all sizes.



Almost any situation can be changed into a picturesque landscape with Evergreens and other trees.

These grounds were a barren field a few years ago.

White Pine

(Pinus Strobus)

King of the Forest

The White Pine is without question the best all around tree of the entire Pine family, for planting in the states east of the Mississippi. On account of its rapid growth, value as windbreak, shelter-belt and screen, varied uses around the home and ease of planting, this tree is the most successful conifer of the northern and eastern states. It is not fastidious in its requirements and grows under the greatest variety of climate and soil conditions.

As a screen, White Pine has no superior. It grows thick and compact, forming an absolute barrier to winds and storms. Being a rapid grower, it soon gives good protection. It is thoroughly hardy and is impervious alike to extremes of heat and cold. All of our White Pine specimens have been four or five times transplanted.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped \$ 30.00 5.00 45.00 55.00 6.50 10.00 85.00 15.00 125.00 18.00 150.00 22.50



On Account of its Tall, Rapid Growth, White Pine Makes an Excellent Screen.

Austrian Pine

(Pinus Austriaca)

Hardy, Rapid Grower, Long Lived, Deep Green Foliage

This valuable tree has gradually worked its way into favor, until today it is one of the most well known and widely planted Evergreens on the list. In open positions a broad, bushy crown is produced, which is very ornamental. Its strong, massive branches impart an air of sturdiness, making it a favorite for group planting. On account of its rapid growth and extreme hardiness, it is of inestimable value as a shelter-belt or screen. Its dense growth stops snow and wind and in a few years the trees grow to a size that renders excellent protection. Heavily plumed with long, stiff, dark green needles. Fine for smoky situations and sea shore planting.

| Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped | Each | 10 |
|---|--------|---------|
| 2 to 3 feet, xxx* | \$6.00 | \$50.00 |
| 3 to 4 feet, xxxB&B | 8.50 | 75.00 |

5 of same size at 10 rate.



This unusual style of planting is made possible by selecting low growing types in harmony with the surroundings.



Red Pine, one of the Fastest Growing Varieties.

Red Pine

(Pinus Resinosa)

Very Hardy and of Rapid Growth

Has strong spreading branches, which are well covered with smaller branchlets, tips being a bright orange color. The needles, in clusters of two, are a lustrous dark green, four to six inches long, slender and flexible.

Grows to fairly large size, 40 to 50 feet, spreading 10 to 12 feet. The cones are from one to two inches in length and are a beautiful light brown in color. The bark is thick and a dark reddish brown, and it is from this characteristic that it derives its name.

Although it is very difficult to get seed of Red Pine, we have succeeded in keeping a stock on hand so as to give our customers a few of these splendid trees each year.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | | | | | Each | 10 |
|----------------|--------|-------|------|-------|--------|---------|
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ | to 2 | feet, | XXX* | .B&B† | \$4.00 | \$35.00 |
| 2 | to 3 | feet, | xxx | B&B | 5.00 | 40.00 |
| 3 | to 4 | feet, | xxx | В&В | 6.50 | 50.00 |

Scotch Pine

(Pinus Sylvestris)

The branches are covered with short, stiff tufts of bluish green needles that grow in pairs one to two inches long. At maturity it reaches a height of 50 to 60 feet, spreading 12 to 14 feet. The bark is thick and heavy, slightly reddish in color. The cones are a golden brown and remain on the tree all through the winter. Grows very well on dry, sandy or gravelly soil and thrives under very adverse conditions. The growth is rapid and where quick, permanent protection is wanted for screens or shelter it is highly recommended. Where natural wooded effects are desired a mixed planting of Scotch, Austrian, and Red Pine is very suitable.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | Each | 10 |
|-------------------|--------|---------|
| 2 to 3 feet, xxx* | \$4.50 | \$37.50 |
| | | |
| 3 to 4 feet, xxx | 5.00 | 45.00 |

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate.



A Picturesque Country Woodland Strikingly Reproduced in the Heart of a Big City.



Dwarf Mountain Pine. A Grand Dwarf Variety from Switzerland. Fine Lawn Tree when Planted in Groups or Singly. Its Beauty is Indescribable.

Dwarf Mountain Pine

(Pinus Mugho)

Rarely grows over 6 feet tall--fine for low borders, beds or singly

Does not have a single or main trunk, but is composed of many short stems, which grow outward, then slightly upward, often spreading twice as broad as it is tall. The foliage is a vivid dark green, which it holds at all seasons of the year. The new growth, when first appearing in spring, closely resembles tiny candlesticks, which completely cover the entire tree. This is plainly shown in the illustration above.

The Dwarf Mountain Pine was originally discovered in the Alps of Switzerland, high up on the mountain peaks where practically no other vegetation was found. It is a splendid variety to plant close to foundation walls or porch, while a pair at either side of the entrance to yard, or in groups with other Evergreens, makes a most pleasing effect.

| Price, | Extra | Selected | Specimens, | Balled | and | Burlapped |
|--------|-------|----------|------------|--------|-----|-----------|
|--------|-------|----------|------------|--------|-----|-----------|

| | Each | 10 |
|--------------------------------|-------|----------------|
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxx* | @9 50 | @20 00 |
| to 12 leet, AAA | φο.ου | Φ 3U.UU |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, xxx | 5.00 | 19 50 |
| 12 to 2 feet, MAX | 9.00 | 44.00 |

Pinus Mugho Nana Compacta

(Hill's New Compact Type)

This is a very close growing, low type of the favorite Dwarf Mountain Pine.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate.
*Each x indicates one transplanting.
†B&B signifies Balled and Burlapped.

Pachysandra Terminalis

(Japanese Spurge)

The dark, glossy, green leaves remain on the plant throughout the entire year, making it one of the most attractive for decorating partially shaded places where it is often difficult to grow grass. Grows about 9 inches high. See illustration on page 37.

Ponderosa Pine

(Pinus Ponderosa)

A Rapid, Robust, Rugged Grower

Its most striking characteristic is the long, glossy needles, about the size of a darning needle, often measuring six inches in length. They grow in sets of two and three and in this respect are exceptional to the usual habit of Pines. The whole tree is heavily clothed with foliage of a deep green color. It reaches 40 to 50 feet in height, spreading 12 to 15 feet at the base. Bears handsome, round, plump cones 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length. Ponderosa Pine has been widely planted throughout the western states.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

Flexilis Pine

(Pinus Flexilis)

Bluish, White Foliage

Its attractive characteristics are its bark, cones and branches. The bark is creamy white, corky and porous: the cones are heavy and large, 8 to 10 inches long. The branches are very slender and flexible, from which characteristic the tree derives its name. Attains a height of 20 to 30 feet, with a spread at the base of 8 to 10 feet.



Ponderosa Pine is Distinctive with its Unusually Long Needles.

Since the days when I used to dig and pack every order myself, my business has grown, but my policy remains the same—"Give every customer complete satisfaction." D. HILL.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| 1 to 1½ feet, xxx* | \$30.00 |
|--------------------|---------|
| 1½ to 2 feet, xxx | |



Opening Vistas with Evergreens in the Distance Give Great Depth to any Landscape.



The Outlines of any Home can be Softened by a well Arranged Planting of Junipers, Spruces and Pines.

Swiss Stone Pine

(Pinus Cembra)

This variety is remarkable for its dense compact growth, so unusual for a Pine. The illustration shows the outline of the tree but gives no idea of the distinct yellowish green color that distinguishes it from other Evergreens. It makes a conical tree and branches close to the ground.

It grows to medium height. Trees in old age are very striking, holding their branches to the ground and making an almost perfect spire shaped tree.

It is very hardy and grows in exposed locations or poor soil. On account of the great difficulty to get seed this variety is very rare.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

Japanese Table Pine

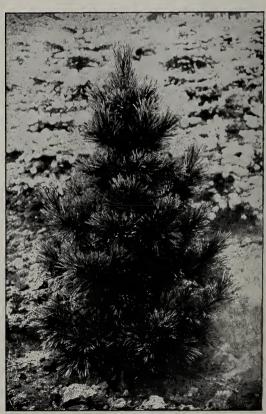
(Pinus Tanyosha Globosa)

Distinctly Oriental

This rare Pine comes from Japan. It gets its name from its habit of growth, which is perfectly flat on top. The tree is a dwarf, low and round, forming a table top. It has one main stem and short branches.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

Each 10 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, xxxx*...B&B† \$9.00 \$80.00 5 of same variety and size at 10 rate.



Swiss Stone Pine. You can see this when you visit the Alps, or you Can see it in Your Own Yard.



Our Grand American Yew Certainly Deserves a Place in Your Plantings.

American Yew

(Taxus Canadensis)

The American Yew is a dwarf, bushy shaped tree, as shown in picture of matured tree above. The foliage is a deep dark verdant green, changing to a purplish bronze in winter. Its certain richness and stiff formality of growth pleases the taste of almost everyone. It rarely grows over five or six feet tall and about twice as broad, almost fan shaped. In late summer and fall bright red berries of waxy, almost artificial appearance cover the tree. American Yew is excellent for shady locations. Like all Yews it is long-lived.

| Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped | Each | 10 |
|---|--------|---------|
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxx* | \$6.50 | \$60.00 |
| 1½ to 2 feet, xxx | 8.50 | 80.00 |

Japanese Yew

(Taxus Cuspidata)

The Japanese Yew is a pyramidal upright grower, reaching a height of 15 to 20 feet. The foliage is very beautiful. In summer it is a deep dark green, slightly tinged with silver underneath. Late in the autumn it changes to a rich copper color. Its tiny red fruits remain on the tree all winter, providing food for birds.

| | Each | |
|--|---------|---------|
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxx* | \$ 5.50 | \$50.00 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, xxx | 6.50 | 60.00 |
| 2 to 3 feet, xxxx | 9.00 | 85.00 |
| 3 to 3½ feet, xxxxx | 12.00 | |
| 5 of same variety and size at 10 rate. | | |



This sort of planting shows how pleasingly different Evergreens planted singly blend into one picture.

Dwarf Japanese Yew

(Taxus Cuspidata Brevifolia)

The very deep green, soft, waxy-looking foliage makes it very attractive. It grows only three to four feet high, but often spreads four to six feet. This variety keeps its deep green color all the year. It is very hardy and can be used in exposed places. It stands clipping and like all Yews can be trimmed to any shape_desired.

Excellent for planting in low borders, with Dwarf Mountain Pine, Savin Juniper and American Yew. Also much used for conifer beds and foundation plantings.



The Deep, Dense Green Foliage of Japanese Dwarf Yew always Attracts Attention.

| Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped | | |
|---|---------|---------|
| , and the same of | Each | 10 |
| ₹ to 1 foot, xxx* | \$ 4.00 | \$37.50 |
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxx | 7.00 | 65.00 |
| 1½ to 2 feet, xxxx | 10.00 | 90.00 |
| 2 to 3 feet, xxxxxB&B | 15.00 | |
| Golden Type | | Each |
| $l_{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 2 feet, xxx* | B&B† | \$12.00 |

Taxus Repandens

A very dwarf variety of glossy dark green foliage. The habit is creeping or spreading, the tree making a graceful mound. Two or three feet is its limit in height while it often spreads five feet in diameter. Can be used in foundation planting or in groups with other dwarf Evergreens.

Price, Extra Heavy Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | Each | 10 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxx^* | \$ 6.00 | \$55.00 |
| 1½ to 2 feet, xxx | 10.00 | 90.00 |

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate.



What a Contrast Between this Arbor Vitae Hedge and an Unsightly Wire Fence.

American Arbor Vitae

(Thuya Occidentalis)

National Evergreen Hedge Plant

There is perhaps no other tree in the entire Evergreen family that can be used in so many different ways as the American Arbor Vitae. On account of its flat fern-like foliage it can be sheared, producing beautiful, dense, compact hedges in a remarkably short time. Retains its green foliage at all seasons of the year, and for this reason is much superior to the unsightly, leafless Privet or other leaf-bearing hedge plants.

When allowed to grow without shearing it naturally reaches a height of 15 to 20 feet, with a spread at the base of three to four feet. It is often planted in groups with other Evergreens, also makes a fine appearance when planted singly, growing tall and stately. It thrives in a cool, moist soil, as well as in partial shade or in full sun.



American Arbor Vitae, the Most Popular Member of the Arbor Vitae Family.

| Price, | Extra Selected | Specimens, Ba | alled and | Burlapped | Each | 10 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-------|---------|
| 2 to 3 feet, xxx* | | | | B&B† | | |
| 3 to 4 feet, xxx | | | | B&B | 5.00 | 45.00 |
| 4 to 5 feet, xxxx | | | | B&B | 6.50 | 55.00 |
| 5 to 6 feet, xxxx | | | | B&B | 9.00 | 80.00 |
| 6 to 7 feet, xxxxx! | | | | B&B | 13.00 | 112.00 |
| 7 to 8 feet, xxxxx | | | | B&B | 15.00 | 125.00 |
| | Sh | eared Globe | s | | Each | 10 |
| 1 x 1 foot, xxx* | | | | B&B† | | \$50.00 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}x1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxx | | | | | 6.50 | 60.00 |

Compacta Arbor Vitae

(Thuya Occidentalis Compacta)

Excellent Dwarf Variety

Perhaps the fact that Arbor Vitaes take so many forms accounts for their great popularity. It is not necessary to go outside the Arbor Vitae family to get almost all the different shapes. There is the tall pyramidal formal type, conical American Arbor Vitae, globular shaped trees and perfect round specimens. This beautiful compact grower is almost globe-shape, of fine form and delicate color. The hardy thick growing Compacta is excellent to use next to house foundations and in Evergreen beds. It retains a natural globe shape without trimming.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped



Without doubt, the best tree for Hedge purposes that grows.



Pyramidal Arbor Vitae, Tall and Graceful, always ideal for ornamental planting.

Pyramidal Arbor Vitae

(Thuya Pyramidalis)

Perhaps to the majority of planters the Pyramidal Arbor Vitae is the most familiar of all the Arbor Vitae family. It is one of the old, well-known Evergreens, having been sold for many years. The habit of growth is tall, narrow and straight like a column, mature trees 15 feet in height seldom measuring over 2 feet in diameter at the base.

The foliage somewhat resembles that of the American Arbor Vitae, but is finer and more lacy. Color is a rich dark green, which it holds at all seasons. This splendid variety is much used in formal garden planting, for bordering walks or as markers for corners. Also much used for planting on either side of entrance gate. Fits in well with almost any scheme of planting.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | | 10 |
|--------------------------------|------------|----------|
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, xxx* | B† \$ 3.50 | \$ 30.00 |
| 2 to 3 feet, xxx | | 37.50 |
| 3 to 4 feet, xxx | B 6.50 | 55.00 |
| 4 to 5 feet, xxxx | B 8.00 | 75.00 |
| 5 to 6 feet, xxxx | B 11.00 | 100.00 |
| 6 to 7 feet, xxxxx | B 15.00 | 135.00 |
| 7 to 8 feet, xxxxx | B 20.00 | 180.00 |
| | | |

Douglas Pyramidal Arbor Vitae

(Thuya Douglassi Pyramidalis)

A comparatively new variety. Foliage is feathery, being somewhat crested and of a good dark green color. A rare, attractive Evergreen of pyramidal habit, resembling the well known Pyramidal Arbor Vitae. Reaches a height of 12 to 15 feet.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | Ea | ach 10 |
|--------------------------------|----------|------------|
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, xxx* | B&B† \$5 | 50 \$50 00 |
| | | |
| 2 to 3 feet, xxx | | .00.00 |

Peabody's Golden Arbor Vitae

(Thuya Occidentalis Lutea)

A very distinct golden type. The bright golden color does not change but remains the same at all seasons. It is rather slender in habit, and grows but 8 to 10 feet high with a diameter of 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet. The growth is pyramidal and upright, and can be trimmed if wanted. There are no cones or berries. A few of these Golden Arbor Vitae planted in contrast to the deep green of the Firs and Pines, and mixed with some Blue Spruce will produce beautiful effects.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | | 10 |
|---------------------------------|--------|---------|
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, xxx* | \$3.50 | \$30.00 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, xxx | | |
| 12 to 2 feet, xxx | 4.00 | 57.30 |

Siberian Arbor Vitae

(Thuya Wareana Siberica)

Grows very dense and compact, upright, with a broad base 3 to 4 feet in diameter, reaching a height of 6 to 8 feet. Was originated in the famous Royal Gardens of England, but named Siberian because of its rugged constitution. The foliage is rather thick and a very dark green. Branches are short and stiff. Single trees grow conical and clean-cut in outline. Also makes splendid hedges.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | | Each | 10 |
|--------------------------------|-------|--------|---------|
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet, xxx* | B&B† | \$6.00 | \$55.00 |
| 2 to 3 feet, xxx | D & D | 7.00 | 65.00 |
| 2 to 5 feet, AAA | D&D | 7.00 | 00.00 |

Douglas Golden Arbor Vitae

(Thuya Douglassi Aurea)

A Distinct Golden Green

One of the most ornamental Evergreens. The flat fern-like foliage in summer is golden tipped, and changes to bronze in autumn and early winter. It is rather broad, spreading three to four feet at the base, and reaches 15 to 18 feet in height. The little brown cones are one-fourth inch long, and are borne abundantly in clusters. It is easily sheared and can be kept at any height or form desired. Its rare beauty is best displayed when planted among the darker green varieties of Junipers, Pines, Spruces or Firs.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped

| | | | Each | 10 |
|---------------|------|------|--------|---------|
| 11 to 2 feet. | xxx* | B&B† | \$4.00 | \$35.00 |
| 2 to 3 feet. | xxx | B&B | 6.50 | 60.00 |
| 3 to 4 feet. | xxxx | B&B | 9.00 | 80.00 |

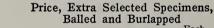


Douglas Golden Arbor Vitae

Woodward's Globe Arbor Vitae

(Thuya Woodwardi)

Its shape is round or globular, very dense in growth, and does not require shearing. It seldom grows over three to three and one-half feet in diameter. The foliage is soft and flat and of a deep green color. It is suitable for lawn, dooryard or window-box planting, and is very popular where space is limited. A pair of these little trees planted among the tall Pines and Spruces, suggest the wonderful contrasts in the habits of the Evergreen family. Evergreens that grow into natural globes are great favorites with many planters as they readily work into any scheme of planting.



| | | Each | 10 |
|--|-------|--------|---------|
| 1 x1 foot, xxx* | .B&B† | \$5.50 | \$50.00 |
| $1\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$ feet, xxx | | | 60.00 |
| 5 of same variety an | | | |
| *Each x indicates or | | | |
| †B&B signifies Balled | | | |



Woodward's Globe Arbor Vitae, a perfect ball of green.



White Spruce Hedge. A Mark of Elegance to any Formal Garden.



Juniper Sabina Prostrata.

Hill's Dwarf Evergreens

New, Rare and Choice Varieties of Dwarf Evergreens Suitable for Japanese Gardens, Tea Gardens, Rock Gardens, Foundation Plantings, Terraces, Etc.

Price, Extra Selected Specimens, Balled and Burlapped.

| | ariety | | | | | | | Feet | Each | 10 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------|------|---|--------------|------------------|
| Juniperus Chi | nensis Pfi | tzeriana (| (Pfitzer's J | uniper) | | | B&B† | | | \$ 37.00 |
| 4.6 | " | | ** | 4.6 | | | | $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 | 6.25 | 50.00 |
| " | " | 66 | 66 | 4.6 | | | | 2 —3 | 9.00 | 80.00 |
| 66 | 66 | | 4.6 | -46 | | | | 34 | 11.00 | 100.00 |
| Juniperus Chi | nensis Pro | ocumbens | (Japanese | e Trailin | ig Junipe | r) | " | -1 | 5.50 | 50.00 |
| ** | 66 | 66 | " | " | 4.4 | | " | $1 - 1\frac{1}{2}$ | 6.75 | 62.50 |
| 44 | " | 66 | " | 66 | " | | | $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 | 8.50 | 80.00 |
| " | | | | | | | | $2 - 2\frac{1}{2}$ | 13.00 | 125.00 |
| Juniperus Can | adensis A | Aurea (J. (| Communis | Aurea) | | | | $1 - 1\frac{1}{2}$ | 6.00 | 50.00 |
| | | | | | , | | | $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 | 7.50 | 60.00 |
| Juniperus Sab | ina (Savii | n Juniper, |) . | | | | | $1 - 1\frac{1}{2}$ | 5.00 | 45.00 |
| | | | | | | | 66 | $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 | 8.00 | 70.00 |
| | | | | | | | | $2 - 2\frac{1}{2}$ | 9.00 | 80.00 |
| Juniperus Sab | | | | | | | | $1 - 1\frac{1}{2}$ | 8.00 | 70.00 |
| Juniperus Sab | ına Prosti | rata (Gree | en Type). | | | | ,, | $1\frac{1}{2}$ | 29.00 | 87.50 |
| | | | | | | | | $2 - 2\frac{1}{2}$ | 11.00 | |
| Juniperus Sab | ina Prosti | rata (Hill | 's Blue Iy | pe) | • • • • • • • • | | " | $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 | 10.50 | 100.00 |
| Juniperus Sab | | | | | | | | $2 - 2\frac{1}{2}$ | 15.00 | |
| Juniperus Sabi | ina Tama | risciiolia. | -1-+ C | · · · · · · · · | | | 44 | 1 —11 | 8.00 | 75.00 |
| Juniperus Virg | nnans Gio | obosa (Lig | gnt Green) | | | • • • • | | $1 - \frac{1}{2}$ | 6.50 | 62.50 |
| Dinus Musha | (D 1 | Tourstoin | lden) | | | • • • • | | $1 - \frac{1}{2}$ | 7.50 | 65.00 |
| Pinus Mugho | (Dwan N | Tountain | rine) | • • • • • • | | • • • • | | $1 - 1\frac{1}{2}$ $1\frac{1}{2} - 2$ | 3.50 5.00 | $30.00 \\ 42.50$ |
| | | | | | | | | $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 | 9.00 | |
| Pinus Tanyosh | nais (Am | a (Table | Mountain | rine) | • • • • • • • • | • • • • | 4.6 | $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 1 $-1\frac{1}{2}$ | 6.50 | 80.00 60.00 |
| Taxus Canade | HSIS (AIII) | encan re | | | | | | $1 - 1_{\frac{1}{2}}$ $1 \frac{1}{2} - 2$ | 8.50 | 80.00 |
| Taxus Cuspida | to Brossif | folia (Dav | | | | | | $1^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $-1^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 7.00 | 65.00 |
| " Cuspida | ita Dievii | iona (Dw | ari japane | se iew, | | | | $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 | 10.00 | 90.00 |
| " | 66 | 44 | 44 | " | • • • • • • • | | " | 2 -3 | 15.00 | |
| Taxus Cuspida | ta Brevif | folia Aure | a (Golden | Durant | Ian Van | -) | 66 | $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 | 12.00 | • • • • • |
| Taxus Repand | lens (Spre | eading En | olish Vew |) waii | Jap. 1em | ,, | 66 | 1 -1 = | 6.00 | 55.00 |
| " " " " | CPIC (CPIC | ii III | Silon Tew, | / • • • • • | · · · · · · · · · | | | $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2^2 | 10.00 | 90.00 |
| Thuya Occiden | ntalis Cor | mpacta (C | ompacta | Arbor V | | | | $1^{2} - 1^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 3.50 | 30.00 |
| Thuya Woodw | vardi (Wo | odward's | Globe Art | oor Vita | e) | | " | 1 x 1 | 5.50 | 50.00 |
| 11 | " | " | " | 11 11 11 | 0, | | 44 | 1½x 1½ | 6.50 | 60.00 |
| | | | | | | | | -44-14 | 0.00 | 00.00 |

Hill's Evergreens for Windbreaks Hedges, Etc.

Medium Sized Evergreens which have been twice transplanted, not dug with earth balls

| Abies Balsamea (Balsam Fir) 50 100 | | <u>.</u> | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 6—10 inch | | | |
| Abies Concolor (Concolor Fir) | 2 | | |
| 6—10 inch | | | |
| Abies Douglassi (Douglas Fir) | | 50 | 100 |
| 12—18 inch. 18—24 inch. 24—36 inch. | ĭĭ | 8 \$26.00 8 39.50 8 53.00 | \$ 50.00 75.00 100.00 |
| Juniperus Communis (Common European Juniper) | | 0.4.00 | |
| 6—10 inch | •••• | . 31.00 . 39.50 | 60.00 75.00 |
| Juniperus Virginiana (Red Cedar) | •••• | . 00.00 | 70.00 |
| 6—10 inch | " 1 | 0 18.50 | 35.00 |
| 10—12 inch | " 1 | | 45.00 |
| 12—18 inch | " 1 " 1 | | 50.00 75.00 |
| 24—36 inch | " 1 | | 100.00 |
| Picea Alba (White Spruce) | | | |
| 10—12 inch | " 2 | | 45.00 |
| 12—18 inch. 18—24 inch. | $\begin{array}{ccc} & & 2 \\ & \ddots & 2 \end{array}$ | | 50.00 75.00 |
| 24—36 inch | " 2 | | 100.00 |
| Picea Canadensis (Black Hill Spruce) | | | |
| 6—10 inch | " 1 | | 45.00 |
| 10—12 inch | " 1' | | 60.00 75.00 |
| 18—24 inch | " 1 | | 100.00 |
| Picea Engelmanni (Engelman Spruce) | | | |
| 10—12 inch | | 00.00 | 45.00 |
| 12—18 inch | • • • • | . 26.00 | 50.00 |
| Picea Excelsa (Norway Spruce) 6—10 inch | " 20 | 0 18.50 | 35.00 |
| 10—10 inch. | " 20 | | 45.00 |
| 12—18 inch | " 20 | | 50.00 |
| 18—24 inch | " 20 | 0 39.50 | 75.00 |
| Picea Pungens (Colorado Blue Spruce) 6—10 inch | " 18- | 19 28.50 | 55.00 |
| 10—10 inch. | " 18- | 19 39.50 | 75.00 |
| 12—18 inch | " 18- | 19 53.00 | 100.00 |
| Pinus Austriaca (Austrian Pine) | | | |
| 6—10 inch | " 22 | | $35.00 \\ 45.00$ |
| 12—18 inch. | " 22 | 2 26.00 | 50.00 |
| 18—24 inch | " 22 | 2 39.50 | 75.00 |
| Pinus Banksiana (Jack Pine) | | 20.55 | ×0.65 |
| 12—18 inch. 18—24 inch. | | 00 40 | 50.00 75.00 |
| 24—36 inch | | | 100.00 |
| | | | |

Hill's Evergreens for Windbreaks, Hedges, Etc.

CONTINUED.

| Pinus Flexilis (Limber Pine) 10—12 inch | 25 25 | \$23.50 \$26.00 | 100 \$ 45.00 50.00 |
|---|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Pinus Mugho (Dwarf Mountain Pine) | | | |
| 6—10 inch. " 10—12 inch. " 12—18 inch. " | 24 24 24 | 26.00 31.00 39.50 | 45.00 60.00 75.00 |
| Pinus Ponderosa (Bull Pine) | | | |
| 610 inch. " 1012 inch. " 1218 inch. " | $25 \\ 25 \\ 25$ | 18.50 23.50 26.00 | $35.00 \\ 45.00 \\ 50.00$ |
| Pinus Resinosa (Red or Norway Pine) | | | |
| 12—18 inch. " 18—24 inch. " | 23 23 | 26.00 39.50 | 50.00 75.00 |
| Pinus Strobus (White Pine) | | | |
| 1218 inch. " 1824 inch. " 2436 inch. " 34 feet. " 4 5 feet. " | 21 21 21 21 21 21 | 26.00 39.50 53.00 65.50 78.00 | 50.00 75.00 100.00 125.00 150.00 |
| Pinus Sylvestris (Scotch Pine) | | | |
| 12—18 inch. " 18—24 inch. " 24—36 inch. " | 23 23 23 | 26.00 39.50 53.00 | 50.00 75.00 100.00 |
| Thuya Orientalis (Chinese Arbor Vitae) | | | |
| 1012 inch. 1218 inch. | | 23.50 26.00 | 45.00 50.00 |
| Thuya Occidentalis (American Arbor Vitae) | | | |
| 10—12 inch. " 12—18 inch. " 18—24 inch. " 24—36 inch. " | 29 29 29 29 | 23.50 26.00 39.50 53.00 | 45.00 50.00 75.00 100.00 |



In addition to our complete stock of specimen Evergreens, we also have a very complete assortment of Windbreak and Hedge Evergreens in the best sizes for good results.



Why not let Evergreens greet you every time you step onto your porch? Such a planting as pictured here is very inexpensive.

Select Your Evergreens From These Pages

For the convenience of those not so familiar with Evergreens in their different habits, we have divided the important varieties into groups—Very Dwarf, Dwarf, Medium and Tall.

TRAILING, CREEPING, OR VERY DWARF

Fine for Rockeries, Borders, Edging or Ground Covers. All Prostrate or Creeping Forms, 1 to 3 feet high at maturity; spread 8 to 15 feet in diameter.

| Juniperus Canadensis (J. Comm | nunis) (J. Dupressa)P | age 15 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Iuniperus Canadensis Aurea (G | olden) | " 15 |
| Juniperus Procumbens (Japanes | se Trailing Juniper) | " 15 |
| Juniperus Tamariscifolia | | " 14 |
| Juniperus Sabina Prostrata | | " 13 |
| Juniperus Virginalis Globosa | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | " 14 |
| Taxus Cuspidata Brevifolia (Dy | warf Iapanese Yew) | " 28 |
| Taxus Repandens (Spreading E | nglish Yew) | " 28 |

DWARF OR LOW GROWING VARIETIES

Excellent for Foundation Plantings, low Groups, Terraces, and Conifer Beds. Splendid where permanent effects are wanted without obstructing the view. Average height, 4 to 6 feet at maturity.

| Juniperus Pfitzeriana (Pfitzer's Juniper) | Page 14 |
|--|---------|
| Juniperus Sabina (Savin Juniper) | " 13 |
| Pinus Mugho (Dwarf Mountain Pine) | " 24 |
| Pinus Tanyosha Globosa (Table Mountain Pine) | " 26 |
| Taxus Canadensis (American Yew) | " 27 |
| Thuya Occidentalis (Globes) | " 29 |
| Thuva Compacta | " 29 |
| Thuya Douglassi Aurea (Douglas Golden Arbor Vitae) | " 32 |
| Thuya Lutea (Peabody's Golden Arbor Vitae) | " 31 |
| Thuya Wareana Siberica (Siberian Arbor Vitae) | " 31 |
| Thuya Wareana Siberica (Siberian Arbor Vitae). Thuya Woodwardi (Woodward's Globe Arbor Vitae). | " 32 |

MEDIUM HEIGHT VARIETIES

Excellent for borders to add contrast to flowering shrubs. Fine for corners to give accent and add height to plantings of creeping or low growing Evergreens. Good for sentinels or markers at each side of entrance steps, windows, or in garden. Average height, 8 to 15 feet at maturity.

| Abies Balsamea (Balsam Fir) | Page | 7 |
|-------------------------------------|------|----|
| Abies Tsuga Canadensis (Hemlock) | " | 7 |
| Juniperus Hibernica (Irish Juniper) | " | 16 |
| Jumperus Suecica (Swedish Jumper) | | 10 |

MEDIUM HEIGHT VARIETIES---Continued

| Juniperus Virginiana (Red Cedar) | . Page | 10 |
|---|--------|----|
| Juniperus Counarti (Counarti Juniper) | | 12 |
| Juniperus Elegants Lee (Lee's Golden Juniper) | . " | 12 |
| Juniperus Glauca (Silver Cedar) | . " | 11 |
| Juniperus Virginiana Pyramidalis (Pyramidal Red Cedar) | " | 11 |
| Juniperus Schotti (Schotti Juniper) | -66 | 11 |
| Pinus Cembra (Swiss Stone Pine) | " | 26 |
| Pinus Flexilis (Limber Pine). | | 25 |
| Taxus Cuspidata (Japanese Yew) | | |
| Thuya Occidentalis (American Arbor Vitae). | • | |
| They Decidentals (American Arbor Vitae) | | |
| Thuya Douglassi Pyramidalis (Douglas Pyramidal Arbor Vitae) | | 91 |

TALL GROWING VARIETIES

For planting in Masses, Heavy Screens, Windbreaks or High Hedges; Small Groups to frame a vista; Single Specimens where an imposing specimen is wanted to carry out some special effect. Average height 30 to 60 feet at maturity.

| Abies Concolor (Concolor Silver Fir) | ige 9 |
|---|-------|
| Ables Douglass (Douglass Fir) | " 00 |
| Picea Alba (American White Spruce) | 20 |
| Picea Canadensis (Black Hill Spruce) | " 17 |
| Picea Excelsa (Norway Spruce) | " 20 |
| Picea Pungens (Blue Spruce) | " 19 |
| Pinus Austriaca (Austrian Pine) | " 22 |
| Pinus Ponderosa (Bull Pine) | " 25 |
| Pinus Resinosa (Red Pine) | " 23 |
| Pinus Strobus (White Pine) | " 21 |
| Pinus Sylvestris (Scotch Pine) | " 23 |
| Thuya Pyramidalis (Pyramidal Arbor Vitae) | " 31 |



A good combination--Japanese Barberry and Japanese Spurge.

For description and price on Japanese Spurge see page 24. Barberry is offered on page 50.



A Hedge of Arbor Vitae is the Pride of Many a Lawn.

Evergreen and Deciduous Hedges

AMERICAN ARBOR VITAE--The National Hedge of America

Owing to its compact appearance when sheared and its bright green color, it is without doubt the best tree for hedge purpose that grows. Being perfectly hardy and of comparatively rapid growth, it forms a beautiful, compact hedge in a remarkably short time. It is pre-eminently a tree without an equal for practical utility and ornamental value. There is not a lawn, no matter of what proportion, where an Arbor Vitae hedge would not enhance its beauty to a high degree, and serve at the same time as dividing lines, walk borders, or screens, etc. In planting, space the trees about one foot apart in the row, for a good compact hedge.

| | | | Ball) | | 100 |
|-----------------|------|------|-------|----------|----------|
| 10 to 12 inches | | | | .\$23.00 | \$ 45.00 |
| 12 to 18 inches | | | | . 26.00 | 50.00 |
| 18 to 24 inches | | | | . 39.50 | 75.00 |
| 24 to 36 inches | | | | . 53.00 | 100.00 |

JAPANESE BARBERRY--Famous for Low Hedges

Of all deciduous shrubs, this variety is, we believe, the most valuable for making low hedges. Of Japanese origin and of rather dwarfish habit of growth, low, regular and compact, requiring very little pruning. It has fine thorns and small round green leaves that change color in autumn to a brilliant fiery crimson.

| Price, Transplants | 50 | 100 |
|----------------------------|---------|-------|
| 10 to 12 inches | | |
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet | | 35.00 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet | . 22.50 | 45.00 |



If allowed to Grow, an Arbor Vitae Hedge Makes a High Wall, Serving as a Protection or Screen.



An Evergreen Windbreak Around Feed Lot, Pasture, Orchard or Garden will pay for itself many times over.

Plan No. 1 is followed in this Windbreak planting.

Evergreen Windbreaks

Long before Evergreens came into their own in America as ornamental trees, they were known and used as Windbreaks to give protection. This is due to their dense growth and constant service at all seasons of the year, for protecting the farm buildings and barn yard. A Hill Evergreen Windbreak will pay for its cost many times over in a short time.

How to Build Evergreen Windbreaks

There are three best ways to build an Evergreen Windbreak. The same results are accomplished with each method; the only difference is in the time it takes. You will not be disappointed in any of these planting arrangements. Just look over the plans submitted and choose the plan best suited to your needs.

Plan No. 1, (Plant 10 feet apart), Results in Only Six Years' Time

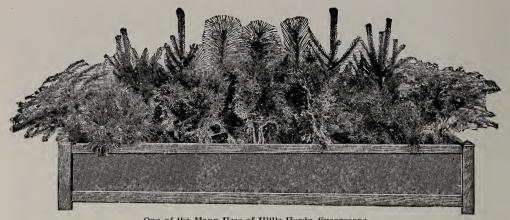
A popular and economical plan is to space the trees 10 feet apart in a single row, which gives a windbreak in six years' time. This spacing gives the correct amount of room for the trees to develop. At the end of six years the branches will touch, and no thinning will ever be required. On this basis figure 100 trees to each 1000 feet.

Plan No. 2, (Plant 5 feet apart), Results in Only Four Years' Time

If you desire quicker results, space the trees 5 feet apart in a single row. At the end of five years take out every other tree and plant elsewhere on the farm. After this no further thinning will be required. On this basis 100 trees will plant 500 feet.

Plan No. 3, (Plant 2½ feet apart), Results in Two Years' Time Where almost immediate results are wanted, space the trees in a single row, 2½ feet apart. This gives a Windbreak in the shortest possible space of time. At the end of three years take out every other tree, leaving trees 5 feet apart. After four years more, thin trees to 10 feet apart. After this no further thinning will be required. On this basis figure 100 trees to each 250 feet.

| Price, Transplants Size | 50 100 |) |
|---|---------------------|----|
| Abies Douglassi (Douglas Fir) | ies \$26.00 \$ 50.0 | 00 |
| " " " 18 to 24 | 39.50 75.0 | 00 |
| " " " " | 53.00 100.0 | 00 |
| Juniperus Virginiana (Red Cedar) | 26.00 50.0 | 00 |
| " " " | 39.50 75.0 | 00 |
| " " " | 53.00 100.0 | 00 |
| Picea Alba (White Spruce) | 26.00 50.0 | 00 |
| " " " " | 39.50 75.0 | 00 |
| " " "24 to 36 | 53.00 100.0 | 00 |
| Picea Canadensis (Black Hill Spruce) | 26.00 75.0 | 00 |
| " " " " 18 to 24 " | 39.50 100.0 | 00 |
| Picea Excelsa (Norway Spruce) | 26.00 50.0 | 00 |
| " " " " | 39.50 75.0 | 00 |
| Pinus Strobus (White Pine) | 26.00 50.0 | 00 |
| " " " " | 39.50 75.0 | 00 |
| " " " " | 53.00 100.0 | 00 |
| Thuya Occidentalis (American Arbor Vitae) | 26.00 50.0 | 00 |
| " " " " | 39.50 75.0 | 00 |
| " " " | 53.00 100.0 | 00 |

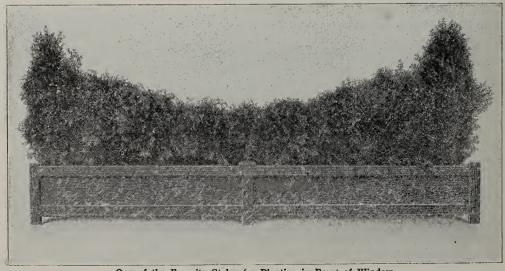


One of the Many Uses of Hill's Hardy Evergreens.

Evergreens for Window-Boxes

Very tasty boxes can be made up with various arrangements of Evergreens. There are a number of ways of filling boxes, almost any idea can be carried out. Placed closely together, all of the same height, give a hedge-like appearance; high at the ends and low in the center affords, with a little clipping, a graceful curved effect. Tall trimmed plants at the ends with a lower compact line straight across presents a good appearance. Each tree planted so as to show its individuality, is another plan, while a box filled with a number of varieties gives a shaded effect that is very attractive. The outside decoration of city and suburban dwellings with hardy ornamental Evergreens is rapidly becoming the custom in all the large towns and cities.

| | ariety | | | | Size | | 10 | 50 |
|-----------|-------------|--------------|--------|-----|------------------------|----------|---------|---------|
| Picea Alb | oa (White | Spruce) | | | $\dots 10$ to 12 | 2 inches | \$ 8.00 | \$36.00 |
| " " | | | | | | | 10.00 | 45.00 |
| Picea Car | nadensis () | Black Hill S | pruce) | | 10 to 15 | 2 " | 8.00 | 36.00 |
| 4.6 | - 11 · 1 | " | · " . | | $\dots 12$ to 18 | 3 " | 10.00 | 45.00 |
| Picea Exc | celsa (Nor | way Spruce) | | | 12 to 18 | 3 " | 10.00 | 45.00 |
| | | | | | | | 8.00 | 36.00 |
| .44 | ~ · · · · · | 4.6 | | | | | 10.00 | 45.00 |
| Thuva O | ccidentalis | (American | | | | | 8.00 | 36.00 |
| " | " | · | " | | | | 10.00 | 45.00 |
| " | " | " | 66 | " | 18 to 24 | 4 " | 12.00 | 54.00 |
| " | " | " | 44 | " - | 2 to 3 | feet | 15.00 | 67.50 |



One of the Favorite Styles for Planting in Front of Window.



Thuya (Pyramidal)

Picea Pungens

Thuya (Globe)

Juniperus

Decorative Evergreens

Evergreens Suitable for Tubbing

Clipped Specimens, Well Grown, Bushy, Compact Trees

Hill's Evergreens for tubbing stand at the head of the list of hardy plants suitable for outside decoration both summer and winter. They are easily moved from place to place, require little attention, are always green and are never injured by continued cold or freezing. Can be used in hall-ways, entrances, balconies or sun parlors and will remain a permanent decoration wherever placed. In summer or winter they attractively add to their surroundings. Your selection is not limited. The varieties listed below will be ample for your requirements.

| | Variety | | | | | | | Size | T71- | Matched |
|-----------|-------------|---------------|--------|-----------|-----------|---|---|-------|---------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | Each | Pairs |
| Abies Tsu | iga Canad | lensis (Heml | ock) | | | | | 2 Fee | | \$ 8.25 |
| " " | 4 | 4 | | | | | | 3 ' | 6.00 | 11.25 |
| Juniperus | Counarti | (Counarti J | unipe | r) | | | | 3 ' | 6.75 | 16.50 |
| 711 | 44 | . " | " | | | | | 4 ' | 11.75 | 22.50° |
| Juniperus | Glauca (| Silver Cedar |) | . | | | | 3 ' | ' 8.00 | 15.00 |
| ٠,٠ | " | · " " " | | | | | | 4 ' | ' 11.25 | 22.00 |
| *Tuniperu | ıs Virginia | ina (Red Ce | | | | | | 3 ' | 6.00 | 11.25 |
| * "" | " | " | ,, | | | | | 4 ' | , 9.00 | 17.25 |
| Picea Car | nadensis (| Black Hill S | pruce) | | | | | 3 ' | ' 8.00 | 15.00 |
| " | " | " " | | | | | | 4 ' | 9.50 | 18.00 |
| Thuva O | ccidentalis | s (American | | | | | | 3 ' | 4.50 | 8.25 |
| " | " | " | " | " | | | | 4 ' | 5.75 | 10.50 |
| " | " | 4.6 | 44 | 44 | | | | 5 ' | | 14.50 |
| 44 | " | 4.6 | 4.6 | 44 | | | | 6 ' | | 18.75 |
| " | 44 | " | 44 | 44 | (Sheared | | | 1x1 ' | | 7.50 |
| 44 | 44 | " | " | 44 | (Sileared | | 1 | | | 9.00 |
| *Thuva I | | is (Pyramida | 1 Arbo | or Wi | tae) | • | | 2 4 | | 6.75 |
| * " | . yraindai | is (1 yrannuc | " | J1 V1 | " | | | 2 4 | 0 | 9.75 |
| | | | | | | | | 0 | 0.20 | 3.10 |

^{*}Starred sorts denote leaders

To get best results from tubbed Evergreens they should be planted in tubs or containers plenty large enough so the roots will not be cramped. The roots will reach you in a solid earth ball securely tied in burlap. In warm weather the trees should be watered frequently, at least once a day.

The Use of Evergreens in America

It is only within comparatively recent years that the American landscape architect, gardener and planter has awakened to the many and varied uses of Evergreens and the important part they must necessarily take in garden making, if permanent and lasting effects are desired.

We are a new country—a lusty infant—it is true—growing and learning fast—but in the mad race for money during the last hundred years, in the main, it can be said that but scant interest has been given to permanency. Results are wanted in a day or week, at best a few months.

Quick growing, short lived material has been used with never a thought for the future.

Planters are now waking up to the fact that something is lacking—that something which gives solidity, strength and virility so noticeable in European gardens where the use of Evergreens has predominated for centuries.

But we are learning fast—50 years ago it could be said that the average ornamental planting on a country estate consisted of 75 per cent deciduous stock and 25 per cent Evergreens, whereas today, in the Eastern part of the United States, along the Atlantic coast, the ratio is 65 per cent Evergreen stock and 35 per cent deciduous, and this ratio is gradually spreading westward.

An example of how this works out with the average American business man is as follows:

A prominent man in one of our large Middle West cities, who had spent 45 years of his life in money-making, suddenly found himself worth several million dollars.

A large income and a desire to turn his attention to other things besides grinding out money, took him on extended travels through the Eastern states and Europe, where he admired the many beautiful estates and examples of landscape gardening which aroused his enthusiasm for both building and landscape architecture.

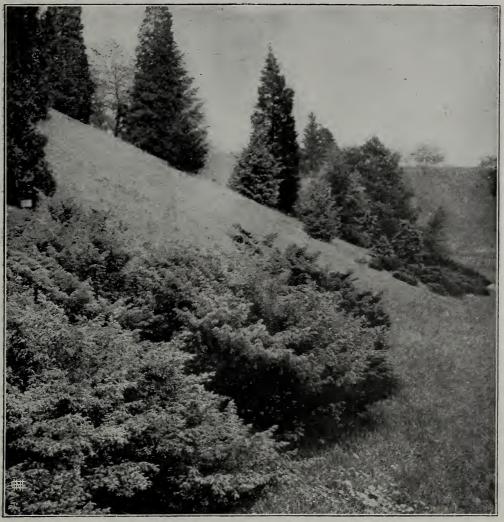
When he reached home his cramped city quarters were so distasteful to him in contrast to the wonders, beauty and freedom of the homes and gardens he had seen, he decided he must have something of like nature for himself.

So he secured the services of the best building architect in the country, who gave him a magnificent house, complete in every detail, built on a tract of ground some 45 acres in extent just adjacent to the city.

He spent a small fortune on this magnificent structure and then the day arrived when everything was complete—and behold what did he see—a bare uninviting prison-like structure, and not until then did he realize that something was lacking.

So, discouraged, he wondered what to do—when along came the tree agent into whose hands he placed the planting of his grounds.

So many shrubs for so many dollars.



No hill is too steep or soil too poor to grow some kind of an Evergreen. In the foreground are seen some excellent specimens of Juniperus Canadensis. See page 15.

It is needless to go into detail of how this venture turned out—but suffice it to say that two or three years later he was still dissatisfied—the plantings consisted of a miscellaneous mass of various varieties, all planted entirely inharmoniously and without regard to proper arrangement.

His next experience was with a landscape gardener, who, while very conscientious, was not informed of the value of Evergreens in the landscape and rarely used them, chiefly because most of his clients looked to price rather than results, with a result that almost 98 per cent of his planting stock was planted for summer effects only.

This man was yet dissatisfied, and not until he had traveled more, and made more extensive and intensive study of the matter, did he realize that the permanent and magnificent all-the-year-around effects of the old world century-old gardens were wanted, and learned the value and necessity of Evergreens.

In a word, he learned that you plant annuals for a season, shrubs and perennials for a few seasons and Evergreens for a lifetime and your posterity.



Many varieties of Junipers and Arbor Vitaes can be arranged in a small space with excellent results as shown here.

An Evergreen Arboretum on Country Estates

To appreciate anything is to know it thoroughly. Evergreens appeal to many people as a part of a landscape or as a figure in a picture. The identity and characteristics of each variety are lost in the effect. The effect is pleasing—often very pleasing and that is enough for the casual evergreen planter.

An intimate knowledge of Evergreens, gained through a study of them, can be no better gained than through a private arboretum.

To one who has visited the greatest arboretum in America—the Arnold Arboretum, near Boston—a new sense of interest is developed in Evergreens. There is found every known variety native to the temperate zone, not only from America but from all over the world.

While the native Evergreens of this country number many hundreds of varieties and cover many shapes and forms, trees of unusual color and habit have been introduced from all corners of the world, from Japan, China, Switzerland, Norway, Germany, England, and other countries. To know these trees, their history and their habits is a study, diversion which constantly attracts and interests a student of nature.

Through years of intimate acquaintance with Prof. Sargent who has conducted and built up the Arnold Arboretum during his lifetime, we have been able to propagate and introduce many rare and choice varieties to the Evergreen lovers of America.

Numerous requests from large estate owners in the past for suggestions in preparing private arboretums have indicated an unusual interest in such an addition to a country home. We will gladly help to plan one for your grounds.

There is in an Evergreen garden or arboretum as much to learn as in a perennial garden, but unlike such a garden, your arboretum is the beauty spot of your grounds in winter, when all other vegetation has lost its charm.

Japanese Gardens

On account of the increased interest in Japanese Rockery Gardens and Tea Gardens, as shown by the numerous inquiries that have come to us, we established several years ago a department of this kind for the accommodation of our customers.

After careful investigation we were fortunate enough to secure for this



No Grounds are too Small for a Rock Garden.

work the Japanese landscape architect, Mr. T. R. Otsuka, who has excellent talent along this line. He has had plenty of experience, for he has built some of the most notable types of Japanese landscape art in this country.

Mr. Otsuka uses all the suitable local material you may have to spare, including such help as you are able to turn over to him. This enables him to do the work at a nominal cost and in the shortest possible time.

Having perfect confidence in Mr. Otsuka, we do not hesitate to recommend him to those of our customers who may be interested in Japanese landscape gardens. Mr. Otsuka will be pleased to answer all inquiries by mail and, if desired, will gladly make personal calls on prospective clients in any part of the country. His fees are very reasonable. He goes anywhere for consultation on the mere guarantee of his expenses, so you can easily learn just what he can do for you.

In Japan gardening is generally understood to be as closely allied with art as it is with horticulture. Like the painter with his brush, the first idea of the Japanese gardener is to reproduce in miniature a general landscape. He must portray on a small scale all of the natural beauty and original charm which nature possesses on a large scale.

Not unlike other worth while arts, the Japanese garden must give full satisfaction all the year around. Whether dressed in the green foliage of summer or the white mantle of winter, it should be an ever changing canvas interpreting the moods of the season.

The ideas and principles of the Japanese garden may be adapted to large or small areas just as readily as English gardening. One garden may be awe-



A Japanese Garden Offers a Pleasing Retreat.

inspiring with its gigantic proportions and mystic grandeur. The other may be small, quaint and sublime to the finest degree. Irregardless of size, it should possess strong individuality. If it lacks specific design, it undoubtedly will lack harmony and beauty. The garden should always be clean and neat because these characteristics always suggest the charm and beauty of nature.

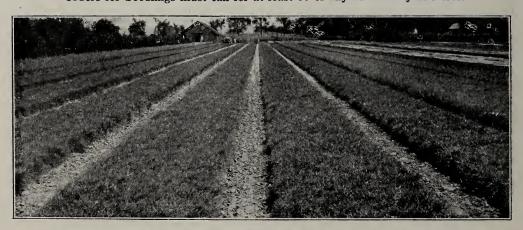


There has been a widespread interest in Forestry and Woodlot planting and an enormously increased demand for our valuable native timber trees. We have made a specialty of growing this class of stock for many years and have an immense stock always on hand. All are strong, healthy and well rooted, freshly dug, plainly labeled and tied twice in bundles of fifty.

| Abies Douglassi (Douglas Fir). | Hill's Evergreen Seedlings Size | Per 100 Per 1000 | |
|--|--|------------------|----|
| Juniperus Virginiana (Red Cedar) | | | |
| Juniperus Virginiana (Red Cedar) | " " 4 to 6 " | 9.00 75.00 | |
| " " " 6 to 10 " 11.00 90.00 | Juniperus Virginiana (Red Cedar) | | |
| Larix Europea (European Larch) | " " " " 6 to 10 " | | |
| Picea Alba (White Spruce). 4 to 6 " 9.00 75.00 Picea Excelsa (Norway Spruce). 2 to 4 " 6.00 50.00 """"" 4 to 6 " 9.00 75.00 Pinus Austriaca (Austrian Pine). 3 to 6 " 9.00 75.00 Pinus Banksiana (Jack Pine). 3 to 6 " 9.00 75.00 """"" 6 to 12 " 11.00 90.00 Pinus Ponderosa (Bull Pine). 2 to 5 " 6.00 50.00 """" 4 to 8 " 9.00 75.00 Pinus Rigida (Pitch Pine). 6 to 10 " 11.00 90.00 Pinus Strobus (White Pine). 2 to 4 " 6.00 50.00 """" 4 to 8 " 9.00 75.00 Pinus Sylvestris (Scotch Pine) 6 to 12 " 11.00 90.00 Thuya Orientalis (Chinese Arbor Vitae). 4 to 6 " 9.00 75.00 Thuya Occidentalis (American Arbor Vitae). 4 to 6 " 9.00 75.00 Fraxinus Americana (American White Ash). 12 to 18 inches \$ 6.00 \$50.00 """ 18 to 24 " 9.00 75.00 Frunus Serotina (Wild Black Cherry). 18 to 24 " 12.00 100.00 Quercus Alba (White Oak). 3 to 6 " 10.00 80.00 Quercus Rubra (Red Oak). 3 to 6 " 10.00 80.00 Quercus Rubra (Red Oak). 6 to 12 " 11.00 90.00 Robinia Pseudacacia (Black Locust). 6 to 12 " 7.00 60.00 """" 12 to 18 " 6.00 50.00 """" | Larix Europea (European Larch) 6 to 12 " | | |
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| """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""" | Pinus Banksiana (Jack Pine) | 9.00 75.00 | ŀ |
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| Fraxinus Americana (American White Ash). 12 to 18 inches \$ 6.00 \$50.00 """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""" | Thuya Occidentalis (American Arbor Vitae) | 9.00 75.00 | • |
| Fraxinus Americana (American White Ash). 12 to 18 inches \$ 6.00 \$50.00 """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""" | Hill's Deciduous Seedlings—(Leaf Bearing) | Por 100 Por 1000 | |
| """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""" | Fravinus Americana (American White Ash) 12 to 18 inches | \$ 6.00 \$50.00 | |
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| " " " " | " " " " " " 10 += 94 " | 7.00 60.00 | , |
| | " " " | 9.00 75.00 |) |

50 of same variety and size at 100 rate; 500 of same variety and size at 1000 rate.

Orders for Seedlings must call for at least 50 of any one variety and size.



The Production of Evergreen Seedlings in Quantity has been a Specialty with Us for Many Years.



What Shall We Do About It?

(From American Forestry, August, 1919).

"The original forestry area of the United States was 850 million acres. There now remains in virgin timber about 230 million acres, about one-fourth the original area. Our total present acreage of forest and cut-over lands is about 500 million acres. One hundred million acres of this is waste land which produces nothing, and 180 million acres more contain more or less second-growth timber. A large percentage of this second growth timber is of inferior quality. The new growth of timber is not more than one-third of the amount which is being used or destroyed each year."

Fortunately these conditions have been foreseen and have made their impressions on far-sighted individuals. An acre or two of idle land will bring very profitable returns with very little expense and labor. One thing very essential is to get dependable planting stock.

The Hill Nursery, growers of forestry trees since 1855, maintain the largest Evergreen propagation nursery in America. Our years of experience in growing, packing and handling leave their distinct mark of superiority on every shipment that leaves our nursery. If you have any problems to handle in connection with your forestation or reforesting, our advice is free for the asking.



Only by Growing in Immense Quantities are we Able to Save You Money on High Quality Trees.



American Elms are Beautiful Trees for Street Planting.

Deciduous Shade Trees

(Leaf Bearing)

MAPLES--THE WORLD'S FINEST SHADE TREES

They grow fast, their shape is graceful when they are little and when they are old, their foliage is beautiful. They are thoroughly dependable in all situations. Once established, Maples are good for two hundred years of the finest kind of shade.

NORWAY MAPLE

(Acer Platanoides)

For general use the finest shade trees in the world. We have yet to find a place where Norway Maples will not thrive, or to find any other tree so satisfactory in growth, with such handsome foliage, such splendid, rugged frame and trunk. In the nursery these Maples begin to form a round head above a straight, smooth trunk, and as they grow older, the head becomes denser and rounder, and the limbs and trunk straight and strong. The branches grow straight horizontally, and the leaves are broad and very green. The most marked characteristic of Norway Maples, aside from the regular form of the head and the straight, rugged trunk, is the density of the foliage.

Transplanted Trees

| | | | | | Eacn | 10 |
|--------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----|-------|--------------------------|
| 8 to 10 feet | : (1 to | $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch | diameter |)\$ | 3.25 | \$ 30.00 |
| 10 to 12 " | $(1\frac{1}{2} \text{ to})$ | 2 " | " |) | 5.00 | 45.00 |
| 12 to 14 " | (2 to | 3 " | " |) | 8.00 | 45.00 75.00 150.00 |
| 14 to 16 " | (3 to | 4 " | ". |) | 16.00 | 150.00 |



Norway Maple



Young Norway Maples in Hill Nursery.

Hard or Sugar Maple

(Acer Saccharum)

Much used for shade on lawn and in public parks and street planting. It makes a higher head than the Norway and Purple Maple. In the fall, it is the Hard Maple more than any other tree, that makes the brilliant autumn coloring. The leaves turn to beautiful shades of crimson and orange. It is from this tree we get our stock of Maple Sugar.

Transplanted Trees

American White Elm

(Ulmus Americana)

One of the most picturesque of all shade trees. The branches are thickly covered with leaves, but stand wide apart at the tops, making vase-like trees. In a few years Elms get quite high, and eventually they reach fully a hundred feet.

A characteristic is that each tree is composed of two, three or four main branches. Not all of the trees grow in this way, but the type we offer has this characteristic habit.



Hard or Sugar Maple, a Favorite for Street Planting.

Those to whom Elms are a familiar sight come to look for the outcurving branches as part of the landscape, a landmark, a distinguishing point of a homestead. The trees get finest in the shortest time when planted in moist loam, but they will grow anywhere.

| | Transplanted Trees | |
|---|----------------------|---------|
| | | 10 |
| 8 to 10 feet, (1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ | inch diameter)\$3.00 | \$27.00 |
| 10 to 12 feet, $(1\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 2)$ | inch diameter) | 40.00 |
| 12 to 14 feet, (2 to 3 | inch diameter) | 60.00 |



American Arbor Vitae Hedge and Norway Maples. Don't You Wish You had Them?



Group your shrubs like this and they will show splendidly.

Hill's Ornamental Flowering Shrubs

Whether your space is limited to a small yard or is a lawn of many acres, shrubs are indispensable. If you purchase your shrubs from us, you will get a succession of bloom from early spring till frost comes in the fall, together with beautiful color and form in the foliage and bright berries. It is our aim to produce everything in Flowering Shrubs that is useful, hardy and worthy of general cultivation in our climate.

Amelanchier Canadensis

(Shad Bush)

White flowers early in spring. Grows over 12 feet.

Price 10 100 2 to 3 feet...............\$6.00 \$50.00

Berberis Thunbergii (Japanese Barberry)

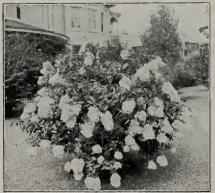
Small foliage, bright green in color, turning to orange and red in autumn. Scarlet berries hang on the branches all winter. Valuable for low hedges. May be pruned to any form or height. Grows 4 to 6 feet high.

| Price | | 100 |
|----------------------------|----------|---------|
| 10 to 12 inch | . \$3.50 | \$30.00 |
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet | . 5.00 | 35.00 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet | . 6.00 | 45.00 |

Cydonia Japonica

(Japanese Quince)
Covered with scarlet flowers early in spring before leaves appear. Branches have thorns. Grows 8 to 12 feet high.

| Price | 10 | 100 |
|----------------------------|----------|---------|
| 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet | . \$5.00 | \$40.00 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet | . 6.00 | 50.00 |



Hydrangea P. G. Ladened with Beauty July to September.

| T | ~ · · | |
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| Sno | w wnite | nowers | in Ma | y. Heign | t 3 to 0 |
|--------|---------|--------|-------|----------|----------|
| feet. | | | | _ | |
| Price | 2 | | | 10 | 100 |
| 2 to 3 | feet | | | \$6.00 | \$50.00 |

Forsythia Fortunei (Fortune's Golden Bell)

Dark green leaves. Bright yellow flowers. Grows 8 to 12 feet tall.

Price 10 100
3 to 4 feet...........\$6.00 \$50.00

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora

Large white flowers from July to September. In the fall flowers change to tints of pink and bronze. Grows 8 to 12 feet tall.

Price

10
100

| Price | | 10 | 100 |
|---------------------|------|----------|---------|
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 | feet | . \$6.00 | \$50.00 |
| 2 to 3 | feet | . 7.50 | 60.00 |

Ligustrum Amurense (Amoor River Privet—North)

Ligustrum Ibota

(Japanese Privet)

Fine for hedges. Foliage turns dark red in autumn. Grows 8 to 12 feet high.

Price 10 100 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet.....\$3.50 \$25.00

Ligustrum Polishi (Polish Privet)

Extremely hardy. Dark bluish green foliage, half Evergreen. White flowers in panicles 3 to 4 inches long. Berries black. Grows 8 to 12 feet in height.

Five of same variety and size at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate. All orders for Shrubs must call for at least 5 of any one variety and size.



Philadelphus Grandiflora

Lonicera Morrowi

Lonicera Tatarica

Myrica Cerifera

Philadelphus Coronarius

(Garland or Sweet Scented Mock Orange)
White flowers in May. Grows 10 feet tall.
Price
10 100
2 to 3 feet.....\$6.50 \$50.00

Philadelphus Coronarius Aurea (Golden Mock Orange)

Philadelphus Coronarius Grandiflora

Rhodotypos Kerrioides (White Kerria)

Japanese shrub of medium growth. Leaves large. Single white flowers bloom latter part of May, followed by small black fruits. Grows 6 to 8 feet high.

Price

10
100
3 to 4 feet......\$6.50 \$50.00

Sambucus Canadensis Aurea

Spiraea Alba (White Spiraea)

White flowers July and September. Well suited for shrub borders. Grows 6 to 8 feet in height.

Price 10 100
2 to 3 feet ... \$6.50 \$50.00

Spiraea Anthony Waterer

Spiraea Bumalda Froebelli

Of dwarf habit. Flat flower heads, rose pink in color. Bloom from June until frost. Splendid for edging. Grows 3 to 6 feet tall.

Price

10
100
15
50.00



Philadelphus, Barberry, Lilac.

Spiraea Opulifolia Aurea

Golden yellow foliage. Double white flowers bloom in June. Very effective in shrubbery plantings. Grows 8 to 12 feet high.

2 to 3 feet.....\$6.00 \$50.00 60.00

Spiraea Van Houttei

(Bridal Wreath)

Of graceful habit. Snow white flowers in panicles appear in May and June. Grows 5 to 6 feet tall.

| Price | 10 | 100 |
|-------------|----------|---------|
| 2 to 3 feet | . \$5.00 | \$40.00 |
| 3 to 4 feet | . 6.50 | 60.00 |

Symphoricarpos Racemosus

(Snowberry)

Small pink flowers in July followed by large white berries in the late summer and fall. Grows 4 to 5 feet high.

| | 0 | | |
|--------------------------|---|---------|---------|
| Price | | 10 | 100 |
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet | | .\$5.00 | \$40.00 |

Syringa Persica

(Purple Persian Lilac)

Fragrant purple flowers in loose panicles late in spring. Grows 8 to 12 feet tall.

Price $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet.....\$6.50 \$50.00

Syringa Vulgaris

(Old Fashioned Purple Lilac)

Has lavender flowers. Blooms abundantly in May. Grows 8 to 12 feet high.

| Price | 10 | 100 |
|--------------------------|----------|---------|
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet | . \$5.00 | \$40.00 |

Viburnum Opulus

(Highbush Cranberry)

Has flat clusters of white flowers in May, followed by red berries which remain on bushes until late in winter. Grows 8 to 12 feet tall.

| Price | 10 | 100 |
|-------------|------------|---------|
| 3 to 4 feet | \$6.50 | \$60.00 |

Viburnum Opulus Nana

(Dwarf Cranberry)

Hardy. In climates where boxwood can not be depended upon this shrub answers the same purpose. Grows 3 to 6 feet high. 6 to 8 inch......\$5.00 \$40.00

Viburnum Sieboldii

(Siebold's Viburnum)

Rich, dark green foliage. White flower clusters in May and June, followed by bunches of pink and bluish-black berries. Grows 8 to 12 feet high.

| Price | 10 | 100 |
|--------------------------|--------|-----|
| $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet | \$7.50 | |
| 3 to 4 feet | | |

Weigela Candida Alba

Pure white flowers in June, blooming through the summer. Grows 8 to 12 feet tall. 3 to 4 feet.....\$7.50 \$60.00

Weigela Floribumda

Deep crimson flowers in June. 100 3 to 4 feet.....\$7.50 \$60.00

Weigela Rosea

(Rose-Colored Weigela)

From China. Rose-colored flowers in May and June. Price 10 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet.....\$5.00

Weigela Eve Rathke

\$40.00

Of fine reddish-purple color. May and June. Continuous bloomer. Grows 3 to 6 feet high.

Price 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet.....\$7.50 \$60.00

Weigela Rosea Variegata

Silvery variegated leaves. White flowers. Grows 3 to 6 feet tall.

Price $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet.....\$7.50 \$60.00



Weigela, Coralberry, Snowberry.

Attract the Song Birds

With Berried Schrubs

In order to foster bird life around our homes we must make it easy for the birds to live among us. A great and necessary essential is to provide food. An easy way to provide natural bird food and at the same time add to the beauty of the grounds is to plant berried shrubs, on which many song birds will live almost entirely. Here is a list of the best varieties to plant. Heavy growths of shrubs appeal to small birds, also as a protection from the weather, as well as for food.



Invite Song Birds to Your Grounds. Plant Evergreens and Berried Shrubs.

| Vari | ety | | | | | | Size | | 10 | 100 |
|---------------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|------|-----------------|-------------------|------|--------|---------|
| Berberis Thu | nbergii (J | apanese | Barberry | 7) | | 10 | to 12 | inch | \$3.50 | \$30.00 |
| 44 | " | 4.6 | " | | | 1 | to $1\frac{1}{2}$ | feet | 5.00 | 35.00 |
| 4.6 | " | " | 44 | | | $1\frac{1}{2}$ | to 2 | 4.4 | 6.00 | 45.00 |
| Lonicera Mon | rowi (Jar | oanese B | ush Hone | eysuckle) | | 2 | to 3 | " | 5.00 | 40.00 |
| Lonicera Tat | arica (Ta | tarian H | oneysuck | de) | | 2 | to 3 | 6.6 | 5.00 | 40.00 |
| Myrica Cerifo | era (Wax | Myrtle | or Barbei | rry) | | 1 | to $1\frac{1}{2}$ | 6.6 | 6.00 | 50.00 |
| Rhodotypos 1 | Kerrioides | (White | Kerria). | | | 3 | to 4 | . 6 | 6.50 | 50.00 |
| Sambucus Ca | nadensis | Aurea (| Golden E | lder) | | 2 | to 3 | 66 | 7.50 | 60.00 |
| Symphoricary | os Racer | nosus (S | nowberry |) | | $11\frac{1}{2}$ | to 2 | 6.6 | 5.00 | 40.00 |
| Viburnum Or | oulus (Hig | ghbush (| Cranberry | 7) | | 3 | to 4 | 4.6 | 6.50 | 60.00 |
| Viburnum Sie | eboldii (S | ebold's | Viburnun | n) | | 2 | to 3 | 44 | 7.50 | |
| 44 | 44 | 44 | | | | | | 6.6 | 9.00 | |

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate.

All orders for Shrubs must call for at least 5 of any one variety and size.

Evergreens Also Attract Birds

It has been observed that birds will travel for miles to make their home in the shelter of Evergreen boughs and foliage which form a substantial shelter and nesting place for the song birds, especially those that stay for the winter months. Among the Evergreens there are several good varieties the fruits of which make excellent food for birds. American Yew and various Junipers, on account of their berries, attract many birds.



Such a perpetual bank of green can only be had with Evergreens. A mass planting of Junipers was used in this arrangement.

Laying Out Subdivisions

In the rapidly developing West and Middle West the laying out of subdivisions around the larger cities occupies increasing consideration. A careful investigation among real estate dealers reveals the fact that property planted with trees and shrubs brings a big premium. A common case came to my notice a short time ago. A lady having a choice of two lots side by side, willingly paid \$200 more for the one because it had four pine trees.

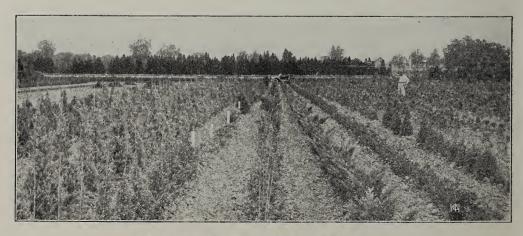
Unfortunately in their eagerness to produce quick results, many subdivision promoters have, in the past, paid more attention in their planting to quick growth, rather than to beauty and permanency. Rows of fast growing ill-shaped Poplar, Box Elder, etc., many times mark the beginning of tree planting in a new subdivision.

The effect of such plantings is often directly opposite to the results desired. They give that particular property no superior feature in comparison to others selling in competition. Certainly there could be no better means of counter-balancing any objectionable feature to a property than by planting it to permanently beautiful trees—that actually add increasingly to its value year after year. Properly placed high-grade trees ought not only to be a means of selling building lots, but actually act as the best investment a real estate man could make on the ground.

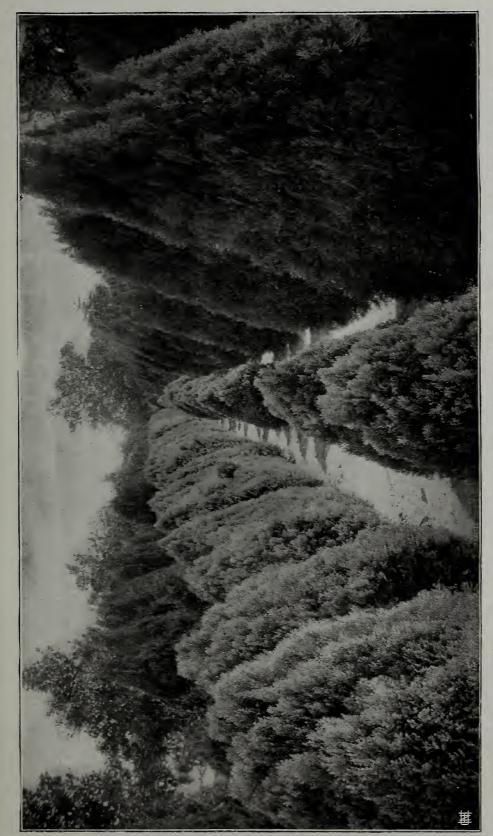
There are great possibilities for the enterprising individual who will go about the planting of avenues, parkways, hedges, etc., with the same interest he would his own home grounds. People are all a great deal alike after all. If the average style of planting does not appeal to you, there is little hope for you to interest anyone else.

A hedge of Evergreens, beautiful the year around, cannot fail to interest a prospective purchaser. An avenue of Norway Maples—long lived, with beautiful outline, and making a dense shade, makes any street stand out, one in a thousand, with an enviable reputation for attractiveness. When planting is left to the individuals who buy the separate lots, the opportunity is lost. Each owner will follow his own planting ideas with a result far less pleasing than a community with a uniform style of planting.

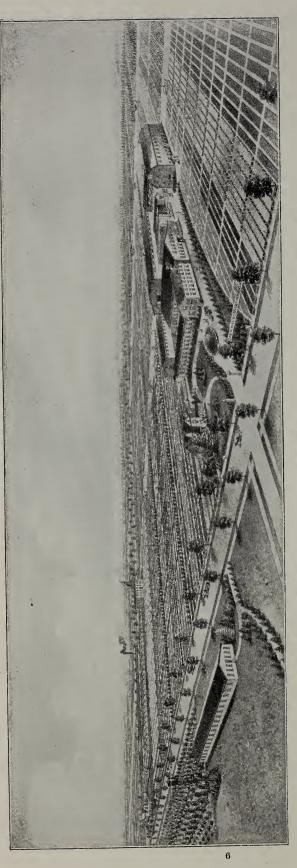
The different local conditions go a long ways in deciding the treatment of a plot for the most artistic effect. During many years association with planting problems, we have seen many excellent planting arragements worked out. If you are interested in this work let us help you.



A small block of Junipers in training for specimens.



There is no need to wait years for results when you can buy Evergreens such as these. Clipped specimens of Larbor Vitae as shown here we offer on page 29



THE HOME OF HILL'S EVERGREENS

Here is shown our complete nursery establishment, consisting of nurseries, office, packing sheds, stables, box-making plant, blacksmith shop, storage, boarding house, greenhouses, and tree seed cleaning establishment.

All modernly equipped and maintained for the handling of your orders in the most prompt and efficient manner. The fields of growing stock contain the most complete line of choice specimen Evergreens in America. Our over sixty years' experience in the digging, packing and shipping of Evergreens is your guarantee of complete satisfaction and a square deal.

THE D. HILL NURSERY CO., Inc.

EVERGREEN SPECIALISTS—LARGEST GROWERS IN AMERICA

A Word of Appreciation

We wish here to express sincere thanks to our many friends and patrons who have written kind words relative to the quality of stock and treatment they have received from us the past season. We greatly appreciate these expressions of confidence and shall endeavor to maintain the reputation they have so kindly given us.

Hill Quality

The name of D. Hill has come to be synonymous with "High Quality" in Evergreens. Over half a century of conscientious effort, unbounded enthusiasm, a close study of the value of every new specie introduced; and above all, an ambition to make new friends and keep the old, has been the method by which this high position has been reached.

Your Success With Our Stock

is a matter in which we are mightily interested. Therefore, we endeavor to do everything reasonable within our power to help you succeed with the stock we send you, because we love trees and want you to enjoy them also. No firm is more careful in filling orders; we use every reasonable means to learn the customer's wishes without delaying the shipment. Your interests are our interests and we present you this 1920 catalog, confident that we merit your trade, and assure you of the best treatment, whether the order is large or small.

Special Offer No. 100

Truly a sensational triumph in Evergreen growing. It excites the wonder and admiration of all. The bright, gorgeous, silvery blue tints, when flashed in the sunlight, afford a wonderful effect, and as our friends become acquainted with it, they join us in similar admiration of its exquisite form and delicate beauty.

It should be in the lawn or garden of every lover of beautiful Evergreens. Described by an eminent horticulturist as "A marvel of rich beauty." It grows to perfection in all parts of the country and is absolutely hardy.

The special trees offered here are four times transplanted, eight to ten years old, trained into perfect specimens, and grown especially for lawn adorment. The illustration shows the tree dug with solid ball of earth about the roots, securely burlapped, ready to box and ship to you.



SCENES IN HILL'S NURSERY



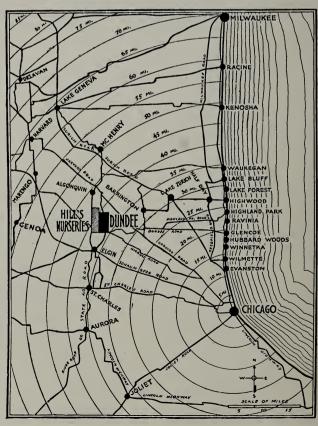
How to Reach Our Nursery

You are cordially invited to visit our nursery.

We are situated in Northern Illinois, on well drained, rich fertile soil. Located 35 miles northwest of Chicago on the Galena Division of the C. & N. W. Ry., as well as the A. E. & C. Interurban Electric system.

Visitors are always welcome and when coming by the way of Chicago are directed to the C. & N. W. Depot on Madison street, from where it is an interesting ride through the famous Fox River Valley dairy district of one hour and thirty minutes.

For an hourly service from Chicago's shopping district, take the A. E. & C. Electric line at Wells street and Jackson boulevard direct to Elgin, transferring to the Carpentersville car, getting off at stop No. 4, Dundee, from where it is but a two-minute walk direct to the nursery.



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